A Commitment to quality that leaves no stone unturned





SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT 2022-2023

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

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THIRTY THIRD ANNUAL REPORT 2022-2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Milan B. Khakhar - Chairman and Managing Director

Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar - Joint Managing Director

Ms. A. Y. Parekh - Director Mr. K. Gopi Nair - Director Mr. Gaurav S.Davda - Director

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr.Manoj Dewani

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr.Hardik Valia

AUDITORS

M/s. Merchant & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Mumbai

BANKERS

State Bank of India

WORKS

Plot No. 33/34, S. No. 831/15 & 25, Village Mahim, Chintupada, Taluka-Dist. Palghar-401404 (Maharashtra).

REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENT

Link Intime India Pvt.Ltd. C-101, 247 Park,

L.B.S. Marg,

Vikhroli (West), Mumbai-400083. Tel. 022 49186000 / 49186720

Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

REGISTERED OFFICE

SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED 1501, Maker Chambers - V,

Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021.

CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449 Email: sglinvserv@gmail.com

Tel. +91 22 66115800

Website: www.solid-stone.com

THIRTY THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

through VIDEO CONFERENCING (VC) OR OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS (OAVM).

> on Friday, 22nd September, 2023 at 9:30 A.M.

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

REGISTERED OFFICE:

1501, Maker Chambers-V, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021.

NOTICE OF MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirty Third Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED will be held on 22nd September, 2023 at 09.30 a.m, through VIDEO CONFERENCING (VC) OR OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS (OAVM) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt:
 - a. the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Reports of Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
 - b. the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. K. Gopi Nair (holding DIN 00763252) whose tenure of appointment ends on 22nd September 2023 and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. To re-appoint Mr. Milan B. Khakhar. (holding DIN 00394065) as Chairman and Managing Director of the Company:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197 and 203 read with schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), approval of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the re-appointment of Mr. Milan B. Khakhar (DIN:00394065) as Managing Director of the company, for a period of 5(five) years with effect from 1st August, 2024 on the terms and conditions including remuneration as set out in the statement annexed to the notice convening this meeting, with liberty to the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as "the Board" which term shall be deemed to include the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board) to alter and vary the terms and conditions of the said re-appointment and / or remuneration, including granting of increments, as it may deem fit from time to time during the tenure of appointment and as may be acceptable to Mr. Milan B. Khakhar, subject to the same not exceeding the limits specified under Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof:

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

4. To re-appoint Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar (holding DIN 00394135) as Joint Managing Director:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197 and 203 read with schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act,2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), approval of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the re-appointment of Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar (DIN:00394135) as Joint Managing Director of the company, for a period of 5 (five) years with effect from 1st August, 2024 on the terms and conditions including remuneration as set out in the statement annexed to the notice convening this meeting, with liberty to the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as "the Board" which term shall be deemed to include the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board) to alter and vary the terms and conditions of the said re-appointment and / or remuneration, including granting of increments, as it may deem fit time to time during the tenure of appointment and as may be acceptable to Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar, subject to the same not exceeding the limits specified under Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

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5. To approve / authorise to transact with related party / material entity :

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and the Company's policy on Related Party transaction(s), and subject to such other approvals, consents, permissions and sanctions of any Authorities as may be necessary, consent of Shareholders be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors (acting on behalf of the company), (including any committee thereof or any director or official of the company authorized in this behalf) to enter into transactions, either individual or taken together with previous transactions on arms length basis and in ordinary course of business with Global Instile Solid Industries Ltd (GISIL), Associate Company, (as detailed in the explanatory statement annexed hereto) considered to be related to the company, pursuant to the Act and/or Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for an aggregate amount upto Rs.50 crores per financial year for 6 (Six) years starting from 01st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2029 as per the terms and conditions mutually agreed from time to time.

RESOLVED further that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers conferred on it by or under this resolution to any Committee of Directors of the Company and to do all acts and take such steps as may be considered necessary or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution.

6. To approve / authorise to transact with related party / material entity :

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and the Company's policy on Related Party transaction(s), and subject to such other approvals, consents, permissions and sanctions of any Authorities as may be necessary, consent of Shareholders be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors (acting on behalf of the company), (including any committee thereof or any director or official of the company authorized in this behalf) to enter into transactions, either individual or taken together with previous transactions on arms length basis and in ordinary course of business with Milan Marbles and Tiles (MMT), Firm (in which two of the Promoter Directors of the Company are partners of the firm), (as detailed in the explanatory statement annexed hereto) considered to be related to the company, pursuant to the Act and/or Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for an aggregate amount upto Rs. 1 crore per financial year for 6 (Six) years starting from 01st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2029 as per the terms and conditions mutually agreed from time to time.

RESOLVED further that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers conferred on it by or under this resolution to any Committee of Directors of the Company and to do all acts and take such steps as may be considered necessary or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Milan B. Khakhar Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

Place: Mumbai Date: 4th May, 2023

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NOTES:

- In accordance with the provisions of the Act, read with the Rules made thereunder and General Circular nos.14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021, 21/2021 dated 14th December, 2021,2/2022 dated 5th May, 2022 and 10/2022 dated 28th December, 2022, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") read with relevant circulars issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), from time to time (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Circulars"), companies are allowed to hold AGM through Video Conference ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") upto 30th September, 2023, without the physical presence of members at a common venue. Hence, in compliance with the Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM.
- Since this General Meeting is held through VC/OAVM the physical attendance of members is dispensed with and no proxies would be accepted by the Company pursuant to the relevant MCA Circulars.
- 3. No attendance slip/route map has been sent along with this Notice of the Meeting as the meeting is held through Audio Visual means
- 4. Members who are shareholders as on 15th day, of September, 2023 can join the AGM 15 minutes before the commencement of the AGM i.e at 9:15 A.M and till the time of the conclusion of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in this Notice.
- Members attending the Meeting through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purposes of reckoning of Quorum under Section 103
 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 6. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to furnish bank details, email address, change of address etc. to Link Intime India Pvt.Ltd. (Share Transfer Agents of the company) at C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai-400083, Tel.No. 022 49186000, Email:rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in. who are the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agents so as to reach them latest by 25th day of August, 2023, in order to take note of the same. In respect of members holding shares in electronic mode, the details as would be furnished by the Depositories as at the close of the aforesaid date will be considered by the Company. Hence, members holding shares in demat mode should update their records at the earliest.
- 7. MCA and SEBI have dispensed with the requirement of printing and sending physical copies of the Annual Report and the Notice of this Meeting and the Annual Reports have been sent via email to all those members who have registered their email ids with the Company or the Registrar and Transfer Agent or the Depositories or the Depository Participants as on 25th day of August, 2023. Those Members who have not yet registered their email address are requested to get their email addresses registered by following the procedure given below:
 - a. Those Members who have registered/not registered their mail address and mobile nos. including address and bank details may please contact and validate/update their details with the Depository Participant in case of shares held in electronic form and with Registrar and Transfer Agents Link Intime India Private Ltd. in case the shares are held in physical form.
 - b. Members may also visit the website of the Company www.solid-stone.com
 - c. Alternatively, Members may send an e-mail request to the email id <u>rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in</u> along with scanned copy of the signed request letter providing the email address, mobile number, self-attested PAN copy and Client Master copy in case of electronic folio and copy of share certificate in case of physical folio.
- 8. All shareholders will be able to inspect all documents referred to in the Notice electronically without any fee from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to sglinvserv@gmail.com.
- 9. SEBI has decided that securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019. In view of the above and to avail various benefits of dematerialisation, members are advised to dematerialize shares held by them in physical form.
- 10. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 16th September, 2023 to 22nd September, 2023 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of compliance with the annual closure of Books as per Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 11. The Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (including amendments thereafter) provides for the manner of transfer of the unpaid and unclaimed dividends to the IEPF and the manner of transfer of shares in case any dividend has not been encashed by the shareholders on such shares during the last seven years to the designated Suspense Account as prescribed by the IEPF Authority.
 - In the event the shareholders do not claim any unclaimed/ unpaid dividends for the past seven years, the Company will be required to transfer the respective shares to the IEPF Suspense Account by the due date prescribed as per the IEPF Rules, 2016 or such other extended date as may be notified.

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- 12. Members may note that shares as well as unclaimed dividends transferred to IEPF Authority can be claimed back from them. Concerned members/ investors are advised to visit the weblink: http://iepf.gov.in/IEPFA/refund.html or contact Link Intime India Pvt.Ltd. for lodging claim for refund of shares and / or dividend from the IEPF Authority.
- 13 There is no unclaimed/unpaid dividends for any of the earlier financial years to be transferred to IEPF.
- 14 The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN to the Company / Link Intime India Pvt.Ltd..
- 15 Non Resident Indian Members are requested to inform Link Intime India Private Limited, immediately of:
 - a) Change in their Residential status on return to India for permanent settlement
 - b) Particulars of their Bank Account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the Bank with Pin Number, if not furnished earlier.
- 16 Instruction for attending the meeting through VC:

Process and manner for attending the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:

- 1. Open the internet browser and launch the URL: https://instameet.linkintime.co.in
 - ISelect the "Company" and 'Event Date' and register with your following details: -
 - A. Demat Account No. or Folio No: Enter your 16 digit Demat Account No. or Folio No
 - Shareholders/ members holding shares in CDSL demat account shall provide 16 Digit Beneficiary
 ID
 - Shareholders/ members holding shares in NSDL demat account shall provide 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID
 - Shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form shall provide Folio Number registered with the Company
 - B. PAN: Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Members who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/
 - Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.
 - **C. Mobile No.:** Enter your mobile number.
 - D. Email ID: Enter your email id, as recorded with your DP/Company.
 - Click "Go to Meeting" (You are now registered for InstaMeet and your attendance is marked for the meeting).

Instructions for Shareholders/ Members to Speak during the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:

- 1. Shareholders who would like to speak during the meeting must register their request 3 days in advance with the company on the solidgranites@gmail.com created for the general meeting.
- 2. Shareholders will get confirmation on first cum first basis depending upon the provision made by the client.
- 3. Shareholders will receive "speaking serial number" once they mark attendance for the meeting.
- 4. Other shareholder may ask questions to the panellist, via active chat-board during the meeting.
- 5. Please remember speaking serial number and start your conversation with panellist by switching on video mode and audio of vour device.

Shareholders are requested to speak only when moderator of the meeting/ management will announce the name and serial number for speaking.

Instructions for Shareholders/ Members to Vote during the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:

Once the electronic voting is activated by the scrutinizer during the meeting, shareholders/ members who have not exercised their vote through the remote e-voting can cast the vote as under:

1. On the Shareholders VC page, click on the link for e-Voting "Cast your vote"

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- 2. Enter your 16 digit Demat Account No. / Folio No. and OTP (received on the registered mobile number/ registered email Id) received during registration for InstaMEET and click on 'Submit'.
- 3. After successful login, you will see "Resolution Description" and against the same the option "Favour/ Against" for voting.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option i.e. "Favour/Against" as desired. Enter the number of shares (which represents no. of votes) as on the cut-off date under 'Favour/Against'.
- 5. After selecting the appropriate option i.e. Favour/Against as desired and you have decided to vote, click on "Save". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "Confirm", else to change your vote, click on "Back" and accordingly modify your vote.
- Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify or change your vote subsequently.

Note: Shareholders/ Members, who will be present in the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting facility during the meeting. Shareholders/ Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting prior to the Annual General Meeting will be eligible to attend/ participate in the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet. However, they will not be eligible to vote again during the meeting.

Shareholders/ Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Tablets/ Laptops connected through broadband for better experience.

Shareholders/ Members are required to use Internet with a good speed (preferably 2 MBPS download stream) to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

Please note that Shareholders/ Members connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptops connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Visual loss due to fluctuation in their network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-FI or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

In case shareholders/ members have any queries regarding login/ e-voting, they may send an email to instameet@linkintime.co.in or contact on: - Tel: 022-49186175.

17 E-voting:

Remote e-Voting Instructions for shareholders:

As per the SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020, individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode can register directly with the depository or will have the option of accessing various ESP portals directly from their demat accounts.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

- 1. Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL
 - 1. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL viz... https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a personal computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. LINKINTIME and you will be re-directed to "InstaVote" website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.
 - 2. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp
 - 3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a personal computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen-digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. LINKINTIME and you will be redirected to "InstaVote" website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.
- 2. Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL
 - Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.

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- 2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by the company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider i.e. LINKINTIME for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. Additionally, there are also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
- 3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.
- 4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat account number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, the user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
- 3. Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. Upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. LINKINTIME and you will be redirected to "InstaVote" website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in physical form is given below:

Individual Shareholders of the company, holding shares in physical form as on the cut-off date for e-voting may register for e-Voting facility of Link Intime as under:

- 1. Open the internet browser and launch the URL: https://instavote.linkintime.co.in
- 2. Click on "Sign Up" under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and register with your following details: -
 - A. User ID: Shareholders holding shares in physical form shall provide Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - **B.** PAN: Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.
 - C. DOB/DOI: Enter the Date of Birth (DOB) / Date of Incorporation (DOI) (As recorded with your DP / Company in DD/MM/ YYYY format)
 - D. Bank Account Number: Enter your Bank Account Number (last four digits), as recorded with your DP/Company.
 - *Shareholders/ members holding shares in **physical form** but have not recorded 'C' and 'D', shall provide their Folio number in 'D' above
 - Set the password of your choice (The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special Character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter).
 - Click "confirm" (Your password is now generated).
- 3. Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab.
- 4. Enter your User ID, Password and Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and click on 'Submit'.

Cast your vote electronically:

- 1. After successful login, you will be able to see the notification for e-voting. Select 'View' icon.
- 2. E-voting page will appear.
- 3. Refer the Resolution description and cast your vote by selecting your desired option 'Favour / Against' (If you wish to view the entire Resolution details, click on the 'View Resolution' file link).
- 4. After selecting the desired option i.e. Favour / Against, click on 'Submit'. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on 'Yes', else to change your vote, click on 'No' and accordingly modify your vote.

Guidelines for Institutional shareholders:

Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on the e-voting system of LIIPL at https://instavote.linkintime.co.in and register themselves as 'Custodian / Mutual Fund / Corporate Body'. They are

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also required to upload a scanned certified true copy of the board resolution /authority letter/power of attorney etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorised representative(s) in PDF format in the 'Custodian / Mutual Fund / Corporate Body' login for the Scrutinizer to verify the same.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in physical mode/ Institutional shareholders:

Shareholders facing any technical issue in login may contact Link Intime INSTAVOTE helpdesk by sending a request at enotices@linkintime.co.in or contact on: -Tel: 022 – 4918 6000.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode:

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode may contact the respective helpdesk for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk. evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022-23058542-43.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode has forgotten the password:

If an Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode has forgotten the USER ID [Login ID] or Password or both then the shareholder can use the "Forgot Password" option available on the e-Voting website of Link Intime: https:// instavote.linkintime.co.in

- Click on 'Login' under 'SHARE HOLDER' tab and further Click 'forgot password?'
- Enter User ID, select Mode and Enter Image Verification code (CAPTCHA). Click on "SUBMIT".

In case shareholders is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address. Shareholders can set the password of his/her choice by providing the information about the particulars of the Security Question and Answer, PAN, DOB/DOI, Bank Account Number (last four digits) etc. as mentioned above. The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special character (@!#\$&*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter.

<u>User ID for Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form (i.e. Share Certificate)</u>: Your User ID is Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL/ CDSL has forgotten the password:

Shareholders who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned depository/ depository participants website.

- It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- For shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- During the voting period, shareholders/ members can login any number of time till they have voted on the resolution(s) for a particular "Event".

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ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 3 & 4:

The Board of Directors of the Company (the 'Board'), at its meeting held on 04th May, 2023 has, subject to the approval of members, re-appointed Mr. Milan B.Khakhar as Managing Director, for a period of 5 (five) years from the expiry of his present term, which expires on 31st July, 2024, at the remuneration recommended by Nomination and Remuneration Committee (the 'NRC') of the Board and approved by the Board.

Further, the Board at its meeting held on 04th May, 2023 has, subject to the approval of members, re-appointed Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar as Joint Managing Director, for a period of 5 (five) years from the expiry of his present term, which will expire on 31st July, 2024, at the remuneration recommended by the NRC of the Board and approved by the Board.

It is proposed to seek the members' approval for the re-appointment of and remuneration payable to Mr. Milan B.Khakhar as Managing Director and Mr. Prakash B.Khakhar as Joint Managing Director, in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act.

Broad particulars of the terms of re-appointment of and remuneration payable to Mr. Milan B.Khakhar and Mr. Prakash B.Khakhar are as under:

Mr.Milan Khakhar

Salary, Perquisites and Allowances per annum:

- Salary: Basic Salary of Rs.3,00,000/- per month, with such increments as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time, in the salary range of Rs.3,00,000/- to Rs. 6,00,000/- per month and with proportionate increase in all benefits related to the quantum of salary.
- 2. Perquisites: The Company may contribute to provident fund, superannuation or annuity fund, to the extent these singly or together are not taxable under the Income Tax law, gratuity payable and encashment of leave, as per the rules of the Company and to the extent not taxable under the Income Tax law, and shall not be included for the purpose of computation of the overall ceiling of remuneration.
- 3. Reimbursement of Expenses: Expenses incurred for travelling, board and lodging including for their respective spouses and attendant(s) during business trips, any medical assistance provided including for their respective family members; and provision of cars for use on the Company's business and telephone expenses at residence shall be reimbursed at actuals and not considered as perquisites.

Mr. Prakash Khakhar

Salary, Perquisites and Allowances per annum:

- Salary: Basic Salary of Rs.3,00,000/- per month, with such increments as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time, in the salary range of Rs.3,00,000/- to Rs. 6,00,000/- per month and with proportionate increase in all benefits related to the quantum of salary.
- Perquisites: The Company may contribute to provident fund, superannuation or annuity fund, to the extent these singly or
 together are not taxable under the Income Tax law, gratuity payable and encashment of leave, as per the rules of the Company
 and to the extent not taxable under the Income Tax law, and shall not be included for the purpose of computation of the overall
 ceiling of remuneration.
- 3. Reimbursement of Expenses: Expenses incurred for travelling, board and lodging including for their respective spouses and attendant(s) during business trips, any medical assistance provided including for their respective family members; and provision of cars for use on the Company's business and telephone expenses at residence shall be reimbursed at actuals and not considered as perquisites.

General:

- (i) The Managing Director and the Joint Managing Director shall manage the affairs of the Company subject to the control and superintendence of the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (ii) The Managing Director and the Joint Managing Director shall act in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and shall abide by the provisions contained in Section 166 of the Act with regard to duties of directors.
- (iii) The Managing Director and the Joint Managing Director shall adhere to the Company's Code of Business Conduct & Ethics for Directors and Management Personnel.

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(iv) The office of the Managing Director and the Joint Managing Director may be terminated by the Company or the concerned Director by giving the other 3 (three) months' prior notice in writing.

Mr. Milan B.Khakhar and Mr. Prakash B.Khakhar satisfy all the conditions set out in Part-I of Schedule V to the Act as also conditions set out under sub-section (3) of Section 196 of the Act for being eligible for their re-appointment. They are not disqualified from being appointed as Directors in terms of Section 164 of the Act.

The above may be treated as a written memorandum setting out the terms of re-appointment of Mr. Milan B. Khakhar and Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar under Section 190 of the Act.

The above mentioned Remuneration will be payable even if in any financial year, the company has no profits or inadequate profits, as it is within the limits specified in Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Brief resume of Mr. Milan B. Khakhar and Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar, nature of their expertise in specific functional areas, names of companies in which they hold directorships and memberships / chairmanships of Board Committees, shareholding and relationships amongst directors *inter-se* as stipulated under Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 with the Stock Exchanges, are provided in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report.

Mr. Milan B. Khakhar and Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar are related to each other and are deemed to be interested in the resolutions set out respectively at Item Nos.3 and 4 of the Notice, which pertain to their respective re-appointments and remuneration payable to each of them and each other.

The relatives of Mr. Milan B. Khakhar and Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar may be deemed to be interested in the resolutions set out respectively at Item Nos.3 and 4 of the Notice, to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.

Save and except the above, none of the other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in these resolutions.

The Board commends the Ordinary Resolutions set out at Item Nos. 3 and 4 of the Notice for approval by the shareholders.

Item No. 5:

It is informed to the members that the company has entered into/propose to be entered into contracts/ arrangements/ agreements/ transactions to sale to and purchase of goods from Global Instile Solid Industries Ltd (GISIL) which is the Associate Company of your Company (Related party) as per the terms and conditions mutually agreed from time to time, which are in the ordinary course of business of the company and terms and conditions including pricing are at arm's length basis and the same are reviewed by the Audit Committee. The total value of the transaction(s) could reach 50 Crores per Financial year.

Section 188 of the Act and the applicable Rules framed thereunder provide that any Related Party Transaction will require prior approval of shareholders through ordinary resolution, if the aggregate value of transaction(s) amounts to 10% or more of the annual turnover of the Company as per last audited financial statements of the Company.

Accordingly, transaction(s) entered into with GISIL comes within the meaning of Related Party transaction(s) in terms of provisions of the Act, applicable Rules framed thereunder read with the Listing Regulations. Hence, approval of the shareholders is being sought for the said Related Party Transaction(s) entered/ proposed to be entered into by your Company with GISIL.

Pursuant to Rule 15 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, particulars of the transaction(s) with GISL are as follows:

SI.	Particulars	Remarks
1	Name of the Related Party:	Global Instile Solid Industries Limited
2	Name of the interested Director or KMP:	Mr. Milan Khakhar (Director) and his relatives Mr. Prakash Khakhar (Director) and his relatives Mr. Manoj Dewani (CFO)
3	Nature of Relationship:	Associate Company (29.88% shares held)
4	Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement :	Purchase and Sale of Goods upto aggregate amount of Rs. 50 crores per year
5	Any other information relevant or important for the members to take a decision on the proposed resolution	Nil

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The Board of Directors recommends passing of the resolution as set out at item no.5 of this Notice as an Ordinary Resolution

Mr. Milan Khakhar and Mr. Prakash Khakhar are Directors and members of GISIL, Mr. Manoj Dewani is a Director in GISIL. Relatives of Mr. Milan Khakhar and Mr. Prakash Khakhar are also members of GISIL. Except mentioned hereinabove, none of the other Directors or Key management Personnel or their relatives may be deemed to be interested in the proposed Resolution.

Item No. 6

It is informed to the members that the company has entered into/ propose to be entered into contracts/ arrangements/ agreements/ transactions for lease of office premises from Milan Marble and Tiles (MMT), Firm (in which two of the Promoter Directors of the Company are partners of the firm), (Related party) as per the terms and conditions mutually agreed from time to time, which are in the ordinary course of business of the company and terms and conditions including pricing are at arm's length basis and the same are reviewed by the Audit Committee. The rent to be paid to MMT will be based on fair market value. The total value of the transaction(s) could reach 1.00 Crore per Financial year.

Section 188 of the Act and the applicable Rules framed thereunder provide that any Related Party Transaction will require prior approval of shareholders through ordinary resolution, if the aggregate value of transaction(s) amounts to 10% or more of the annual turnover of the Company as per last audited financial statements of the Company.

Although, transaction(s) entered into with MMT does not come within the meaning of Related Party transaction(s) in terms of provisions of the Act, applicable Rules framed thereunder read with the Listing Regulations, however, approval of the shareholders is being sought for the said Related Party Transaction(s) entered/ proposed to be entered into by your Company with MMT as a matter of abundant caution and future possibilities.

Pursuant to Rule 15 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, particulars of the transaction(s) with MMT are as follows:

SI.	Particulars	Remarks
1	Name of the Related Party:	Milan Marbles and Tiles (MMT)
2	Name of the interested Director or KMP :	Mr. Milan Khakhar and Mr. Prakash Khakhar
3	Nature of Relationship :	Partners of Firm (MMT)
4	Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement :	Rent for the lease contract upto aggregate amount of Rs. 1 crore per year
5	Any other information relevant or important for the members to take a decision on the proposed resolution:	Nil

The Board of Directors recommends passing of the resolution as set out at item no. 6 of this Notice as an Ordinary Resolution

Except for Mr. Milan Khakhar and Mr. Prakash Khakhar who are Partners of MMT, none of the other Directors, Key management Personnel or their relatives are deemed to be interested in the proposed Resolution.

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ANNEXURE - 1

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS SEEKING APPOINTMENT AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (Pursuant to Regulation 36 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Lisiting Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and SS-2)

Name of Director	Mr.Milan B.Khakhar	Mr. Prakash B.Khakhar
Director Indentification Number	00394065	00394135
Date of appointment	08.05.1990	08.05.1990
Date of Birth / Age	18.01.1962 (62 years)	28.08.1965 (57 Years)
Profile of Director	Mr.Milan Khakhar is a Commerce and Law Graduate from University of Mumbai. He has rich experience of more than 39 years in natural stones and building material indus- try.	Mr.Prakash Khakhar is a Commerce Graduate from University of Mumbai. He has rich experience of more than 36 years in natural stones and building material industry.
Terms and conditions of appointment	Appointed for a period of 5 (Five) years	Appointed for a period of 5 (Five) years
Expert in specific Functional Area	Industrialist having rich Business experience	Industrialist having rich Business experience
Number of Board Meetings attended during the year	9 out of 9	9 out of 9
List of other Directorships held ex- cluding foreign Companies, Compa- nies under Section 25 of the Compa- nies Act, 1956 and Private Compa- nies	Global Instile Solid Industries Limited Universal Tiles and Stone Company Limited FSN E-Commerce Ventures Limited	Global Instile Solid Industries Limited Universal Tiles and Stone Company Limited
Chairman/Member of the Committees of the Board of other Companies in which he/ she is a Director	Member of : Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Fundraise and Investment Committee of FSN E-Commerce Ventures Limited	Nil
No. of shares held in the Company	11,49,510	17,19,990
Relationship between Directors Interse*	Related to Mr.Prakash Khakhar	Related to Mr.Milan Khakhar
Remuneration	Terms of Remuneration are given in text of Resolution at Item No.3	Terms of Remuneration are given in text of Resolution at Item No.4

By Order of the Board of Directors

Milan B. Khakhar

Chairman & Managing Director (DIN : 00394065)

Place: Mumbai Date: 4th May, 2023

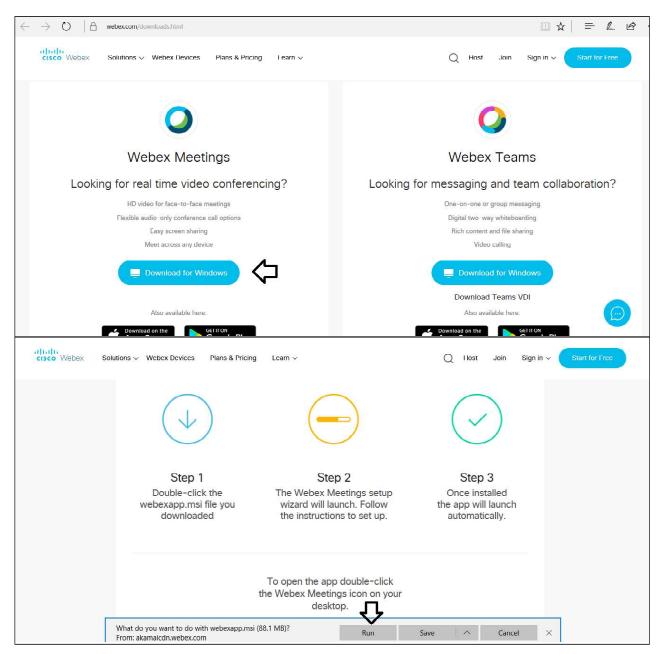
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Annexure 2:

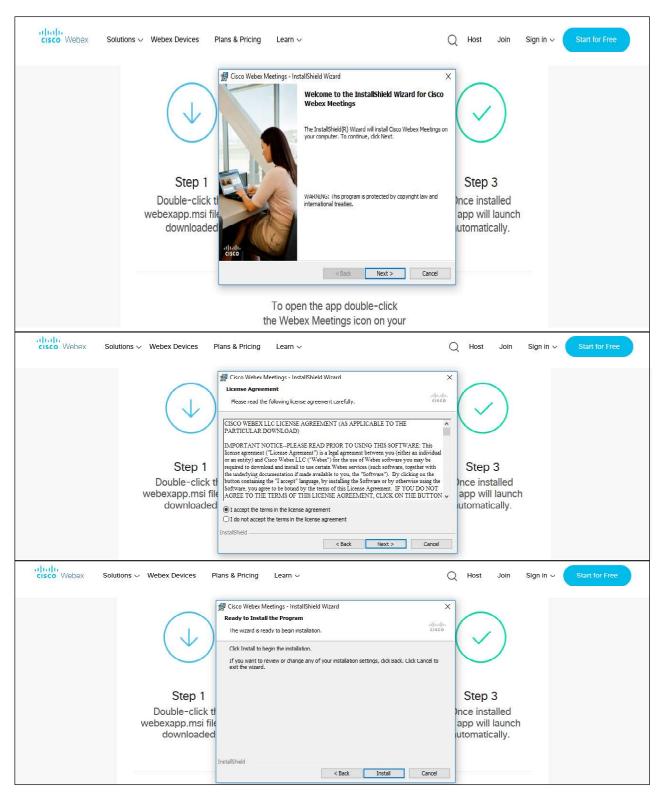
Guidelines to attend the AGM proceedings of Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.: InstaMEET

For a smooth experience of viewing the AGM proceedings of Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd. InstaMEET, shareholders/ members who are registered as speakers for the event are requested to download and install the Webex application in advance by following the instructions as under:

a) Please download and install the Webex application by clicking on the link https://www.webex.com/downloads.html/



(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

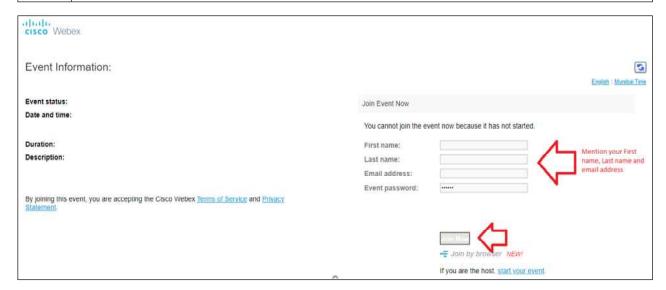


or

a) If you do not want to download and install the Webex application, you may join the meeting by following the process mentioned as under:

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

Step 1	Enter your First Name, Last Name and Email ID and click on Join Now.		
1 (A)	If you have already installed the Webex application on your device, join the meeting by clicking on Join Now		
1 (B)	If Webex application is not installed, a new page will appear giving you an option to either Add Webex to chrome or Run a temporary application.		
	Click on Run a temporary application, an exe file will be downloaded. Click on this exe file to run the application and join the meeting by clicking on Join Now		



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DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their Thirty Third Annual Report of the Company for the year ended on 31st March, 2023.

FINANCIAL RESULTS:

	Year Ended 31 st March, 2023 Rsin '000s	Year Ended 31 st March, 2022 Rsin '000s
Gross Income from Operations	3,09,280	2,43,511
Profit/(Loss) before Depreciation and Tax	16,944	(1,577)
Profit/(Loss)after Tax	5,838	(7,673)
Balance brought forward from Previous year	91,483	98,572
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	5,689	(7,089)
Surplus carried to Balance Sheet	97,172	91,483

OPERATIONS:

During the year under review the Company made overall improvement in performance, posting a higher gross income as well as Profit before taxes in the era of depressed markets and increasing costs. Revenue from operations increased to Rs.3080.31 lakhs as against Rs.2432.10 lakhs – a growth of 27% and the company posted a Profit before tax of Rs.82.57 lakhs as against Loss of Rs.95.90 lakhs in the previous year. The company continues to focus on the domestic market and is trying to create and nurture niche clientele in the sector which it operates.

SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES:

Pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's Subsidiaries' and Associate (in Form AOC-1) is forming part of this Report.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

In accordance with the Accounting Standard (AS 21) on consolidated Financial Statements read with Accounting Standard (AS 23) on Accounting for Investment in Subsidiaries, the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements are provided in the Annual Report.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information pertaining to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo as required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Act read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is annexed herewith as "Annexure A".

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions with the Related Parties are placed before the Audit Committee for its approval. All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year under review were on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business and in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Rules made thereunder, the Listing Regulations and company's policy on Related Party transactions.

During the year under review there are no materially significant related party transactions made by the company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons or parties which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Accordingly, no disclosure is made in respect of related party transaction in Form AOC-2 in terms of section 134 of the Act and Rules framed thereunder.

The related party transactions are disclosed under Note No. 35 of the Notes to Financial Statements for the financial year 2022-23.

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PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the Note No.3 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

INSURANCE:

All the assets of the Company are adequately insured.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

The tenure of Mr. K.Gopi Nair as an Independent Director shall come to an end on 22nd September 2023. He is eligible for reappointment and offers himself for re-appointment as Director liable to retire by rotation.

Key Managerial Personnel

Mr. Milan Khakhar, Chairman and Managing Director, Mr. Prakash Khakhar, Joint Managing Director, Mr. Manoj Dewani, Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Hardik Valia, Company Secretary of the Company are Key Managerial Personnel of the Company. There was no change in the Key Managerial Personnel during the year.

BOARD EVALUATION:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance and that of its statutory committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholder Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and that of the individual directors. The results of evaluation are satisfactory and adequate and meet the requirements of the company.

POLICY ON DIRECTORS'APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION:

(including criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes, independence of a Director, policy relating to remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees)

Policy on Directors' Appointment

Policy on Directors' appointment is to follow the criteria as laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Emphasis is given to persons from diverse fields or professions.

Policy on Remuneration

Guiding Policy on remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and employees of the Company is that -

- Remuneration to workmen is as per the prevailing structure, qualification, experience and skills.
- Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Executives, Managers, Staff and Workmen (non Unionised) is industry
 driven in which it is operating taking into account the performance leverage and such factors so as to attract and retain
 quality talent.
- For Directors, it is based on the shareholders resolutions, provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed therein, circulars and guidelines issued by Central Government and other authorities from time to time.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, Independent Directors of the Company have made declarations confirming the compliance of the conditions of the independence stipulated in Section 149(6) of the Act.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures;
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period:
- the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors have prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis.

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- e) the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively.
- f) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Based on the framework of internal financial controls and compliance systems established and maintained by the Company, work performed by the internal, statutory, and secretarial auditors and the reviews performed by Management and the relevant Board Committees, including the Audit Committee, the Board is of the opinion that the Company's internal financial controls were adequate and effective during the financial year 2022-23.

DETAILS OF COMMITTEES OF DIRECTORS

Composition of Audit Committee of Directors, Nomination and Remuneration Committee of Directors, Stakeholders Relationship/ Grievance Committee of Directors, number of meetings held of each Committee of Directors during the financial year 2022-23 and meetings attended by each member of the Committee as required under the Companies Act, 2013, are provided in Corporate Governance Report and forming part of the report. The recommendations of the Audit Committee, as and when made to the Board, have been accepted by it.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Your Company reaffirms its commitment to Corporate Governance and is fully compliant with the conditions of Corporate Governance stipulated in Clause 'C' of Schedule V on Annual Report pursuant to Regulation 34(3) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

A separate section of disclosure on Corporate Governance is annexed hereto and forms part of the Report.

ANALYSIS OF REMUNERATION

The Information as per Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, forms part of this Report as "Annexure D".

AUDITORS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT:

Statutory Auditors

At the AGM of the Company held on September 29, 2020 pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, M/s. Merchant & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.145290W, were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the company from the conclusion of the 30th AGM held on September 29, 2020 till the conclusion of the 35th AGM to be held in the year 2025.

The Audit Report of the Statutory Auditors on the financial Statements of the Company for FY 2022-23 forms part of the Annual Report.

During the year under review, the Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservations, adverse remarks or disclaimer and no frauds were reported by the Auditors of the company under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Secretarial Audit

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company had appointed M/s. Jinang Shah & Associates, Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Report of the Secretarial Auditor is annexed herewith as "Annexure E".

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company is having in place internal financial controls system. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were adequate and operating effectively.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has established a vigil / whistle blower mechanism which provides a channel to any employer / director to report to the Management concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of code of conduct or policy. The mechanism provides for adequate safeguards against victimisation of the whistle blower and also provides for direct access to the Chairman & Managing Director / Chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases.

AUDITORS QUALIFICATIONS

The remarks, if any, either by the Statutory Auditors or by the Practising Company Secretary in their respective reports are self explanatory. There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the aforesaid reports.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has formulated a Risk Assessment & Management Policy. The details of the Risk Management are covered in the Corporate Governance Report.

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MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

Nine meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the year. For further details please refer to the report on corporate governance in this annual report.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Information pursuant to the provisions of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the names and other particulars of employees is not provided as there are no employees drawing remuneration above the prescribed limits.

ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Annual Return as on 31 March, 2023 will be available on the company's website $\underline{www.solid-stone.com}$

GENERAL

No disclosure or reporting is required of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review

- (i) Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise
- (ii) Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme.
- (iii) No significant or material order were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

There were no cases filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal Act, 2013) during the year under review.

APPRECIATION:

Your Directors wish to place on record their sincere appreciation for their continued support and co-operation received from the Banks, Customers, Suppliers, Employees at all levels and Shareholders of the Company.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Milan B. Khakhar Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

Place: Mumbai Date: 4th May, 2023

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

ANNEXURE A to Directors' Report:

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

The Company does not belong to the category of power intensive industry and hence consumption of power is not significant. However, the management gives due importance to conservation of energy wherever feasible, and also reviews from time to time, the measures taken / to be taken for reduction of consumption of energy.

	Current Year	Previous Year
Power Consumption (Electricity)		
Units	46,753	45,353
Total Cost	Rs. 7,73,119	Rs. 6,20,165
Rate per unit	Rs.16.54	Rs.13.67

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

i. Research & Development (R & D)

The Company undertakes from time to time, studies for process improvement and plant design development, to improve quality and performance of its products, to substitute imported material and components and to economise the production costs. Based on these studies, appropriate actions are taken to achieve these goals. In absence of a separate research & development department, it is difficult to quantify the amount spent on research & development.

ii. Technology Absorption, Adaptation and Innovation

Efforts are made to absorb the advances in technology with suitable modifications to cater to local needs. The Company keeps itself updated with the latest technological innovations by way of constant communication, personal discussions etc.

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE USED & EARNED

Foreign exchange used : Rs. 484.84 Lakhs
Foreign exchange earned : Rs. 20.77 Lakhs

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ANNEXURE B to Directors' Report:

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR 2022-23

Industry Structure and development:

The Global and Domestic Economy have been witnessing sectoral turnaround during the year, yet economic challenges prevail, which have impact on construction and building materials industries.

Opportunities and threats

Your company deals in very special types of Granite/Marble having unique colors for which the overseas and domestic market, both are very eager. Presently, it is one of the few companies which offers all natural stone products under one roof to the buyers. The demand for top quality natural stone products is also growing in the domestic market and the company has setup Retail outlet within the country so as to cater to the local demand for quality products.

Your Company is also engaged in business of Semi Precious stones which has good potential in global and domestic markets.

However, the number of dealers dealing in imported and other natural stones catering to domestic market are increasing, thus reducing the margins and making the business competitive. The availability of manufactured stone products as an alternative to natural stones is also likely to affect the performance of the company.

Further Outlook

National initiatives such as 'Make in India', 'Skill India', 'Startup India', 'Smart Cities', 'Housing for All', 'Affordable Low Cost Housing'; broadening financial inclusion, streamlining of taxation structure with the passage of the GST, strengthening of infrastructure, etc. would lead to improvement in the economic growth of the country in the coming future.

The company foresees reasonable growth of its product line and varieties of Natural stones, designer mosaics as well as semi precious stone products and concepts, subject to the nationwide economic activity being opening up fully post pandemic. The economic outlook for the year is still uncertain but viewed with cautious optimism. Our plans for the growth of the business and profitability are based on an average economic outlook, in the present business scenario.

Performance for 2022-2023

During the financial year 2022-2023, the company achieved a sales turnover of Rs.3080.31 lakhs as against a Sales Turnover of Rs.2432.10 lakhs in the previous year. Total Comprehensive Income after tax stood at Net Profit of Rs.56.89 lakhs as compared to Net Loss of Rs.70.89 lakhs in the previous year. The Company's gross income for the financial year ended 31st March 2023 improved substantially, and was also able to post a reasonable net profit for the current financial year as against net loss in the previous year.

Capital Structure

There was no change in the capital structure of the company. The issued and paid up share capital as at 31st March, 2023, comprises of 53.80,000 equity shares of Rs.10 each.

Internal Control Systems

The internal controls system for safeguarding and protecting assets against loss from unauthorised use or disposition are in place.

Regular internal audits, review by management and documented policies, guidelines and procedures supplements the internal controls which are designed to ensure that financial and other records are reliable for preparing financial information and other data and for maintaining accountability of assets

Cautionary Statement

Statements in the Management Discussions and Analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectation may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Several factors make a significant difference to the company's operations, including climatic conditions, economic scenario affecting demand and supply, Govt. regulations, taxation, natural calamity and other such factors which the company does not have any direct control.

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

ANNEXURE C to the Directors' Report:

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A. Philosophy:

The Company subscribes fully to the principle and spirit of sound corporate governance practices in all its activities to ensure the ultimate goal of making the company a value driven organization. The Company has taken a series of steps to implement all the measures of good corporate governance practice, laying emphasis on transparency, integrity, accountability and value creation in conducting its Corporate Affairs and enhance value for all its stakeholders.

B. Board of Directors:

Composition, Meetings and Attendance:

The Board of Directors comprises of five Directors, three of them being Non Executive Directors. Sixty percent of the total strength of the Board comprises of Independent Directors.

During the financial year ended 31st March 2023, the Board met Nine times, on 26th May, 2022, 20th June, 2022, 07th July, 2022, 12th August, 2022, 23rd September, 2022, 9th November, 2022, 2nd February, 2023, 27th February, 2023 and 18th March, 2023.

The notice for the Board Meeting and the detailed agenda papers are circulated to all the Directors well in advance to enable them to attend and take an informed decision at the Meetings. The Directors of the company make necessary disclosures regarding the Committee positions held by them in all the Companies in which they are Directors.

The composition of the Board of Directors as on March 31, 2023 and other details are as under:

Name of Director	Category	No of Shares held	No of Board Meetings attended during 2022-23	Whether attended last AGM	No.of Director- ships in other Public Limited Companies	No.of Committee positions held in other Companies
Mr. Milan B. Khakhar	Executive Promoter	1149510	9	Yes	3	2
Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar	Executive Promoter	1719990	9	Yes	2	-
Ms. Ashni Y. Parekh	Non-Executive Independent	45951	9	Yes	-	-
Mr. K. Gopi Nair	Non-Executive Independent	840	7	No	-	-
Mr. Gaurav Davda	Non-Executive Independent	32341	9	Yes	-	-

- 1. Mr. M.B. Khakhar and Mr. P. B.Khakhar are related as brothers.
- 2. The Company, through periodical presentation to Board of Directors and various committee of Directors, provides an opportunity to independent directors to facilitate their active participation and familiarise the company's business.
- 3. The Company have informal plan for orderly succession for appointment to the Board of Directors and Senior Management.
- 4. Memberships of the Directors in various committees were within the permissible limits of Listing Regulations.

Declaration of Independence of Board:

Based on the confirmation/disclosures received from the Directors and on evaluation of the relationship disclosed, all the Non-Executive Independent Directors are independent in terms of the provisions of section 149(6) of Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) and 25(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

C. Audit Committee:

The Board of Directors has constituted an Audit Committee of Directors and empowered the Committee to deal with all such matters which it may consider appropriate to perform as audit committee including items specified in Section 177(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 (as may be modified/amended from time to time), items specified in Part C of Schedule II in the Securities

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and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 under the head role of audit committee (as may be modified/amended from time to time) and such matters as may be assigned from time to time by the Board of Directors.

The Audit Committee comprises Ms.A.Y.Parekh, Mr.K.Gopi Nair and Mr.Gaurav Davda. All the members of this Committee are independent Directors and Ms. A. Y. Parekh is the Chairperson of the Audit Committee. The Chief Financial Officer, Statutory and Internal Auditors are Invitees to the Committee. The Company Secretary of the company acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The Audit Committee's primary role is to review the Company's financial statements, internal financial reporting process, internal financial controls, the audit process, adequacy, reliability and effectiveness of the internal control systems, vigil mechanism, related party transactions, monitoring process for compliance with laws and regulations and the code of conduct.

The Audit Committee also reviews reports and presentations and the responses thereto by the management. The reports and findings of the internal auditor and the internal control system are periodically reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The composition of the Audit Committee and the details of Meetings attended by the Directors are given below:

Name of Members	Category	No.of Committee Meetings attended during 2022-2023
Ms.A.Y.Parekh, Chairperson	Independent Non-Executive	4
Mr.K.Gopi Nair, Member	Independent Non-Executive	4
Mr.Gaurav Davda, Member	Independent Non-Executive	4

During the year 2022-23, Four Audit Committee Meetings were held on 26th May, 2022, 12th August, 2022, 9th November, 2022 and 2nd February, 2023.

Meeting of Independent Directors and Attendance Record

Independent Directors to meet at least once in a year to deal with matters listed out in Regulation 25 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 which inter-alia includes, review the performance of non-independent directors, chairman and the Board as a whole and assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary to perform the duties by the Board of Directors.

Attendance Record of Meetings of Independent Directors

Name of the Director	Number of Meeting held	Number of Meeting attended
Ms.A.Y.Parekh, Chairperson	1	1
Mr.K.Gopi Nair, Member	1	1
Mr.Gaurav Davda, Member	1	1

The meeting of the Independent Directors was held on 26th May, 2022.

Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors:

The framework used to evaluate the performance of the Independent Directors is based on the expectation that they are performing their duties in a manner which should create and continue to build sustainable value for the shareholders, and in accordance with the duties and obligations imposed upon them.

Whistle Blower Policy:

The Board of Directors on the recommendations of the Audit Committee has approved and adopted a Whistle Blower Policy that provides a formal mechanism for all employees of the Company to approach the Chairperson of the Audit Committee of the Company and make protective disclosures about the unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct.

D. Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors has constituted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee of Directors. The role of the Committee is to perform all such matters as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and Schedule II - Part D about Role of Nomination and Remuneration Committee of Directors under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, which inter alia includes - recommendation to Board of Directors, the remuneration policy for the Company, formulation of criteria for performance evaluation of directors, Board and Committee, appointment of Director, appointment and remuneration of Whole-time Director and Key Managerial Personnel. The Committee will also deal with matters as may be assigned from time to time by the Board of Directors.

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Role of Nomination and Remuneration Committee inter-alia includes:

The brief description of Terms of Reference of Nomination and Remuneration Committee is to guide the Board in relation to the appointment and removal, identifying persons and to recommend/review remuneration of the directors including Whole-time/ Executive Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and Senior Management Personnel.

Remuneration policy of the Company is directed towards rewarding performance, based on review of achievements on a periodical basis. The remuneration policy is in accordance with the existing industry practice.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee consists of the following Non-Executive Directors:

Ms.A.Y. Parekh (Chairperson)

Mr. K. Gopi Nair

Mr. Gaurav Davda

Meetings of this Committee are held only when required.

One Meeting of this Committee was held during the year 2022-23 on 2nd February, 2023.

Remuneration Policy

The elements of the remuneration package of Non-Executive Directors consists only of Sitting Fees for attending Board & Committee meetings of the Company. All the Executive Directors of the company have been appointed on a contractual basis, based on the approval of the Shareholders. The elements of the remuneration package of Executive Directors comprises of Salary, Perquisites and Allowances as approved by the Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

Details of Remuneration paid to the Directors during the year ended 31st March 2023 are as follows:

Name	Salary	Allowances	Perquisites	Sitting Fees*	Total
Mr.M.B.Khakhar	36,02,400	_	_	_	36,02,400
Mr.P.B.Khakhar	36,02,400	_	_	_	36,02,400
Ms.A.Y.Parekh*	_	_	_	_	_
Mr.K.Gopi Nair*	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Gaurav Davda*	_	_	_	_	_

^{*} The Directors have waived Sitting Fees for the year 2022-23

E Stakeholders' Relationship/Grievance Committee of Directors :

The Board of Directors has constituted a Stakeholders' Relationship / Grievance Committee of Directors. The role of the committee is to consider and resolve the grievances of security holders and perform such roles as may require under the Companies Act, 2013 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Continuous efforts are made to ensure that grievances are expeditiously redressed to the satisfaction of investors. A status report of shareholders complaints and redressal thereof is prepared and placed before Stakeholders' Relationship/Grievance Committee of Directors.

Mr. Hardik Valia, Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer.

The shareholders/investors can send shares related complaints, if any, through e-mail ld:- sglinvserv@gmail.com designated exclusively for this purpose.

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee met two times during the year on 23rd September, 2022, and 2nd February, 2023.

The Attendance and Composition of the Directors of the Committee is as follows:

Name of Members	Category	Meetings Attended During the year 2022-202	
Ms.A.Y.Parekh (Chair Person)	Independent Non-Executive	2	
Mr.Milan B.Khakhar	Promoter Executive	2	
Mr.Prakash B.Khakhar	Promoter Executive	2	

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All the valid Share Transfer requests received during the year were duly attended to and there were no valid request pending for Share Transfer as on 31st March, 2023.

No.of Investors' complaints received during financial year 2022-23: Nil

No. of Complaints pending unresolved as on 31st March, 2023: Nil

F. Name and Designation of Compliance officer:

Mr. Hardik Valia – Company Secretary Solid Stone Company Limited, Maker Chambers V, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400021.

Tel: 66115800 Email: sglinvserv@gmail.com

G Annual General Meetings:

a) The details of the location and time for last three Annual General Meetings are given below:

AGM No	Accounting Year	Date & Time	Location	Special Resolutions passed
32 nd	2021-22	Sep 28 2022 at 9:30 am	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visuals means (VC/OAVM)	-
31st	2020-21	Sep 24 2021 at 9:30 am	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visuals means (VC/OAVM)	-
30 th	2019-20	Sep 29 2020 at 9:30 am	Through Video Conferencing /Other Audio Visuals means (VC/OAVM)	-

All resolutions moved at the last AGM were passed by the requisite majority of Members.

- (b) Whether any Special Resolutions were passed last year through postal ballot: During the year under review no Special Resolution was passed through postal ballot.
- (c) Person who conducted postal ballot exercise: Not Applicable
- (d) Whether any special resolution is proposed to be passed through postal ballot this year: NO

Other disclosures:

(a) Related Party Transactions:

All transactions entered into with Related Parties during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length pricing basis. There were no materially significant transactions with related parties during the financial year which were in conflict with the interest of the Company. Suitable disclosure as required by the Indian Accounting Standards (IndAS 24) has been made in the notes to the Financial Statements. The Company has formulated a policy on Related Party Transactions

(b) Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties and strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchange or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years: NONE

(c) Risk Management:

The Company has a comprehensive risk management policy. The risk management policy inter-alia provides for review of the risk assessment and minimisation procedure, laying down procedure to inform the Board in the matter and for periodical review of the procedure to ensure that executive management controls the risks through properly defined framework.

(d) Code of Conduct:

The Company has framed and adopted a Code of Conduct which is approved by the Board of Directors. The code is applicable to all Directors and Senior Management of the Company.

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Declaration by the Managing Director:

During the year under review i.e. April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023 all Directors and Senior Management personnel have affirmed adherence to the provisions of the code of conduct for Board Members and Senior Management.

Milan Khakhar

Chairman & Managing Director

(e) COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER/CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

- A. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - (1) these statements do not contain any material untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading.
 - (2) these statements together present a true and fair view of the listed entity's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. To the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the listed entity during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the listed entity's code of conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the listed entity pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - (1) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - (2) significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statement and
 - (3) instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the listed entity's internal control system over financial reporting.

MILAN KHAKHAR MANOJ DEWANI
Managing Director Chief Financial Officer

The above certificate was placed before the Board at its meeting held on May 4, 2023.

(f) Disclosures as per the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has adopted a Policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at workplace in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder for prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment at workplace.

The Company has not received any complaint on sexual harassment during the financial year 2022-23.

I. Means of Communication:

The means of communication between the Company and the shareholders are transparent and investor friendly. The Company's quarterly unaudited results are published in leading newspapers in English and Marathi. As such the Company does not send unaudited results to shareholders individually. The company has not made any presentation to any Institutional Investors/ Analysts during the year.

Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of this Annual Report:

J. General Shareholder Information:

a) Annual General Meeting

The 33rd AGM of the members of the company is scheduled to be held on 22nd September, 2023 at 09.30 a.m, through VIDEO CONFERENCING (VC) OR OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS (OAVM).

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b) Financial Calendar for the year 2023-2024 (Provisional)

Α	Unaudited Results for the first quarter ending on June 30, 2023	By 14th of August, 2023
В	Unaudited Results for the second quarter ending on September 30, 2023	By 14 th of November, 2023
С	Unaudited Results for the third quarter ending on December 31, 2023	By 14 th of February, 2024
D	Results (Audited) for the financial Year ending March 31, 2024	By 30 th of May, 2024
Е	Annual General Meeting for the year ending March 31, 2024	By end of September, 2024

c) Details of book closures:

From 16th September, 2023 to 22nd September, 2023 (both days inclusive)

d) Dividend Payment

The Directors have not proposed any Dividend for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023

e) Stock Exchange Listing:

The Company's shares are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE), Mumbai. The Company has yet to pay Annual Listing fees for financial year 2022-2023 to the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE)

Scrip code on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) : 513699

ISIN: INE584G01012

f) Market Price Data:

The details of monthly highest and lowest closing quotations of the equity shares of the Company at the Bombay Stock Exchange, during financial year 2022-2023 are as under:-

Month	Quotation at Bombay Stock Exchange		
	High Low		
April, 2022	29.00	24.05	
May, 2022	43.60	26.75	
June, 2022	50.10	38.15	
July, 2022	52.30 38.95		
August, 2022	48.80	36.80	
September, 2022	59.45	41.75	
October, 2022	59.50	46.60	
November, 2022	52.25	40.15	
December, 2022	49.00 33.80		
January, 2023	42.35	37.50	
February, 2023	47.50	33.75	
March, 2023	36.78 29.70		

(Source: www.bseindia.com)

g) Registrars and Transfer Agents:

The Company has appointed Link Intime India Pvt.Ltd. at C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S.Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai-400083, as Registrar's and Share transfer Agents. Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

Tel.No.: 022-49186000

h) Share Transfer System

Share transfers are registered and returned within a period of 15 days from the date of receipt, if the documents are clear in all respects. Executives of the Company have been authorized to approve transfers.

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i) Distribution of Shareholding as on 31st March, 2023

Shares held	No. of Shareholders*	% of Shareholders	No. of Shares held	% of Shares held
1-500	1136	87.3174	96,899	1.8011
501 – 1000	50	3.8432	41,103	0.7640
1001 – 2000	33	2.5365	49,391	0.9180
2001 – 3000	13	0.9992	33,262	0.6183
3001 – 4000	8	0.6149	29,616	0.5505
4001 – 5000	10	0.7686	47,135	0.8761
5001 – 10000	12	0.9224	91,056	1.6925
10001 and above	39	2.9976	49,91,538	92.7796
Total	1301	100.00	53,80,000	100.00

^{*}Includes shareholders having more than 1 folio

j) Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2023:

Total	1301	53,80,000	100.00
FPI			
Clearing Members	-	-	-
NRI/OCBs	7	8,212	0.15
Private Corporate Bodies	37	5,34,470	9.93
Indian Public	1245	10 ,66,333	19.82
Promoters	12	37,70,985	70.09
Categories	No.of Shareholders	No of Shares	% of shareholding

k) Dematerialization of Shares:

The company has appointed M/s.Link Intime India Pvt.Ltd., C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikroli (West), Mumbai-400083 as Share Transfer Agents of the Company for transfer of Shares in physical and demat form.

97.36 % of the Company's Share Capital is dematerialized as on 31st March, 2023.

I) The Company has not issued any GDRs/ADRs. No Bonds were outstanding as on 31st March, 2023.

m) Address for correspondence:

1501, Maker Chambers V, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400021. Ph. 91 22 66115800

n) ROC - Company Identity Number (CIN):

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BRIEF RESUME OF PERSONS PROPOSED TO BE APPOINTED/RE-APPOINTED AS DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Resume and other details of the Directors proposed to be re-appointed are given in Annexure 1 of the Notice of Annual General Meeting.

Independent Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance.

Since the Paid up Equity Capital of the company is below Rs.10 crores and its Net Worth is below Rs.25 crores as on the last day of the previous financial year, Regulation 15(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 issued on 02/09/2015 is applicable to this company; granting exemption to the applicability of filing Corporate Governance Report and hence the Independent Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance is not required to be obtained.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Milan B. Khakhar Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

Place: Mumbai

Date: 4th May 2023

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CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause 10(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,

The Members

SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED CIN NO: L26960MH1990PLC056449

Mumbai

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED having CIN L26960MH1990PLC056449 and having registered office at 1501, Maker Chambers V, Nariman Point, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400021, India and (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(1) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors identification Number (DIN) status at the portal (www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers.

We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial Year ending on 31st March, 2023 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr.No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1	Milan Bhagwandas Khakhar	00394065	08/05/1990
2	Prakash Bhagwandas Khakhar	00394135	08/05/1990
4	Ashni Yogendra Parekh	00763224	26/09/1997
5	Gopinathan Kizhuveetil Nair	00763252	01/01/2003
6	Gaurav Shekhar Davda	01372614	29/05/2014

Ensuing the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification.

The Certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For, JINANG SHAH & ASSOCIATES

Sd/-

Jinang Dineshkumar Shah **Practising Company Secretary Proprietor** Membership No.F10649 **COP No.14215**

UDIN: F010649E000849841

Date: 04.05.2023 Place: Ahmedabad

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ANNEXURE "D" to Directors' Report:

DETAILS OF THE REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, KMP'S AND EMPLOYEES

[Pursuant To Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 (1) Of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014] for the year ended 31st March, 2023

i. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during the financial year 2022-23, ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2022-23 and the comparison of remuneration of each Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) against the performance of the Company are as under:

SI. No.	Name of Director/ KMP and Designation	Remuneration of Director/ KMP for Financial Year 2022-23 (Rs.in Lakhs)	Remuneration in the	Ratio of Remuneration of each Director/KMP to median remuneration of employees during F.Y.2022-23	Remuneration of Director / KMP for Financial Year 2021-22 (Rs.in Lakhs)	% increase in Remunera-tion in the Financial Year 2021-22	Ratio of Remunera- tion of each Director/ KMP to median remunera- tion of employees during F.Y.2021- 22
1	Mr.Milan Khakhar, Chairman & Managing Director	36.02	NIL	9.57	36.02	NIL	12.83
2	Mr.Prakash Khakhar, Joint Managing Director	36.02	NIL	9.57	36.02	NIL	12.83
3	Ms.Ashni Parekh, Non-Executive & Independent	ххх	ххх	0	xxx	xxx	0
4	Mr. K.Gopi Nair, Non-Executive & Independent	ххх	ххх	0	xxx	xxx	0
5	Mr. Gaurav Davda, Non-Executive & Independent	ххх	ххх	0	xxx	xxx	0
6	Mr. Manoj Dewani, Chief Financial Officer	21.02	21.70%	5.58	17.27	15.55%	6.15
7	Mr. Hardik Valia, Company Secretary	4.52	-16.61%	1.20	5.42	75.59%	1.93

- ii. The median remuneration of employees of the Company during the financial year was Rs.3.76 Lakhs per annum (Previous year Rs.2.81 Lakhs). In the financial year 2022-23, there was a increase of 34.06 % in the median remuneration of employees (Previous year: increase of 49.83%);
- iii. There were 31 number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on March 31, 2023 (Previous year: 30);
- iv. The explanation on the relationship between average increase in remuneration and company performance: The increase in remuneration is linked to the performance of the Company as a whole, the performance of the concerned Division, the performance of the employees and other factors like industry trends and economic environment.
- v. a) Variations in the market capitalisation of the Company: Our market capitalization increased by 40.17 % to Rs.1809.83 Lakhs as on March 31, 2023 from Rs.1291.20 Lakhs as on March 31, 2022.(In the previous financial year, market capitalization decreased by 50.41 % to Rs.1291.20 Lakhs as on March 31, 2022 from Rs.2603.92 Lakhs as on March 31, 2021.)

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- b) Price Earnings ratio of the Company was Rs. 30.86 as at March 31, 2023 and was Rs.(-)16.67 as at March 31, 2022.
- c) Percentage increase over / decrease in the market quotations of the shares of the company in comparison to the rate at which the company came out with the last public offer The closing price of the Equity Shares as on March 31, 2023 was Rs. 33.64 representing 336.40 % increase over the IPO price of Rs. 10/-. (closing price of the Equity Shares as on March 31, 2022 was Rs. 24.00 representing 240.00% increase)
- vi. Average percentage increase/decrease made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year. 2022-23 and 2021-22 was 28.32% and 67.57% respectively and the increase/decrease in the managerial remuneration for the same financial year 2022-23 and 2021-22 was 3.01% and 5.17% respectively.
- vii. Comparison of Remuneration of each Key Managerial Personnel(s) and All Key Managerial Personnel(s) together against the performance of the Company:

	Mr.Milan B.Khakhar	Mr.Prakash B.Khakhar	Mr.Hardik Valia	Mr.Manoj Dewani	Total
Aggregate remuneration of Key managerial personnel (KMP) in financial year 2022-23 (Rs. in Lakhs)	36.02	36.02	4.52	21.02	97.58
	(36.02)	(36.02)	(5.42)	(17.27)	(94.73)
Revenue (Rs. in Lakhs)	3080.31 (2432.10)				
Remuneration of KMPs (as % of revenue)	1.17%	1.17%	0.15%	0.68%	3.17%
	(1.48%)	(1.48%)	(0.22%)	(0.71%)	(3.89%)
Profit/(-)Loss before Tax (PBT) (Rs. in Lakhs)	82.58 ((-)95.91)				
Remuneration of KMPs (as % of PBT)	43.62%	43.62%	5.47%	25.45%	118.16%
	(N.A.)	(N.A.)	(N.A.)	(N.A.)	(N.A.)

(Figures in bracket relate to data of previous financial year)

- viii. The key parameters for any variable component of remuneration availed by the directors: There are no variable components of remuneration to the directors during the financial year 2022-23 and 2021-22.
- ix. The ratio of the remuneration of the highest paid director to that of the employees who are not directors but receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid director during the year: There are no such cases wherein any employee received remuneration in excess of the highest paid Director.
- x. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company: It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

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Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the financial year ended March 31, 2023 [Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members,

Solid Stone Company Limited CIN No.: L26960MH1990PLC056449

Mumbai

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Solid Stone Company Limited (hereinafter called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit of the Company, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunderas applicable during the financial year 2022-23;
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') as applicable during the financial year (2022-23):
 - a. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992 (up to May 14, 2015) and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (effective May 15, 2015);
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999/ The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 (effective October 28, 2014);
 - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period); and
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);

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We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards with regard to Meeting of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute
 of Company Secretaries of India and made effective July 1, 2015;
- ii. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015 made effective 1st December 2015;

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the applicable provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations and Guidelines, Standards as mentioned above.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors / Committees thereof that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decisions of the Board are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure I and forms an integral part of this Report.

For JINANG SHAH & ASSOCIATES

(JINANG SHAH)
Practising Company Secretary
Proprietor
Membership No. F10649
COP NO.14215
UDIN: F010649E000796214

Date: 04.05.2023 Place: Ahmedabad

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Annexure I to Secretarial Audit Report

To, The Members, Solid Stone Company Limited CIN No.: L26960MH1990PLC056449 Mumbai

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that the correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the practices and processes we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Account of the company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained management representation about the compliance of laws, rules, regulations, norms and standards and happening of events.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of the Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and norms is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For JINANG SHAH & ASSOCIATES

(JINANG SHAH)
Practising Company Secretary
Proprietor
Membership No. F10649
COP NO.14215
UDIN: F010649E000796214

Date: 04.05.2023 Place: Ahmedabad

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT OF SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

I have conducted the review of the compliance of the applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED (CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)** (hereinafter referred as 'the listed entity'), having its Registered Office at **1501**, **Maker Chambers V**, **Nariman Point**, **Mumbai**, **Maharashtra – 400021**, **India** Secretarial Review was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and to provide our observations thereon.

Based on my verification of the listed entity's books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the listed entity and also the information provided by the listed entity, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Review, we hereby report that the listed entity has, during the review period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- I, **Jinang Dineshkumar Shah**, Proprietor of **Jinang Shah & Associates**, Practising Company Secretaries, having office at 44, Sanidhya Complex, Opp. Sanyas Ashram, Nr. Devnandan Mall, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad, Gujarat 380009 have examined the following as under:
- (a) All the documents and records made available to us and explanation provided **SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED** ("the listed entity"),
- (b) The filings/ submissions made by the listed entity to the stock exchanges,
- (c) Website of the listed entity,
- (d) Any other document/ filing, as may be relevant, which has been relied upon to make this report,

for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 ("Review Period") in respect of compliance with the provisions of :

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act") and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder;
- (b) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA"), rules made thereunder and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI");

The specific Regulations, whose provisions and the circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder, have been examined, include:-

- (a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- (b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- (c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- (e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
- (f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- (g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (h) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018;

and circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder;

I hereby report that, during the review period the compliance status of the listed entity is appended as below:

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Sr. No.	Particulars	Compliance Status (Yes/ No/ NA)	Observations/ Remarks by PCS*
1	Secretarial Standards: The compliances of the listed entity are in accordance with the applicable Secretarial Standards (SS) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), as notified by the Central Government under section 118(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and mandatorily applicable.	Yes	
2	Adoption and timely updation of the Policies:		
	 All applicable policies under SEBI Regulations are adopted with the approval of board of directors of the listed entities 	• Yes	
	 All the policies are in conformity with SEBI Regulations and have been reviewed & updated on time, as per the regulations/circulars/guidelines issued by SEBI 	• Yes	
3	Maintenance and disclosures on Website:		
	The Listed entity is maintaining a functional website	• Yes	
	Timely dissemination of the documents/ information under a separate section on the website	• Yes	
	 Web-links provided in annual corporate governance reports under Regulation 27(2) are accurate and spe- cific which re- directs to the relevant document(s)/ section of the website 	• Yes	
4	Disqualification of Director: None of the Director(s) of the Company is/ are disqualified under Section 164 of Companies Act, 2013 as confirmed by the listed entity.	Yes	
5	Details related to Subsidiaries of listed entities have been examined w.r.t.: (a) Identification of material subsidiary companies	(a) Yes	
	(b) Disclosure requirement of material as well as other subsidiaries	(b) Yes	
6	Preservation of Documents: The listed entity is preserving and maintaining records as prescribed under SEBI Regulations and disposal of records as per Policy of Preservation of Documents and Archival policy prescribed under SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015.	Yes	
7	Performance Evaluation:		
	The listed entity has conducted performance evaluation of the Board, Independent Directors and the Committees at the start of every financial year/during the financial year as prescribed in SEBI Regulations.	Yes	
8	Related Party Transactions:		
	(a) The listed entity has obtained prior approval of Audit Committee for all related party transactions; or	(a) Yes	
	(b) The listed entity has provided detailed reasons along with confirmation whether the transactions were subsequently approved/ratified/rejected by the Audit Committee, in case no prior approval has been obtained.	(b) Yes	

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Sr. No.	Particulars	Compliance Status (Yes/ No/ NA)	Observations/ Remarks by PCS*
9	Disclosure of events or information: The listed entity has provided all the required disclosure(s) under Regulation 30 along with Schedule III of SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015 within the time limits prescribed thereunder.	Yes	
10	Prohibition of Insider Trading: The listed entity is in compliance with Regulation 3(5) & 3(6) SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.	Yes	
11	Actions taken by SEBI or Stock Exchange(s), if any: No action(s) has been taken against the listed entity/ its promoters/ directors/ subsidiaries either by SEBI or by Stock Exchanges (including under the Standard Operating Procedures issued by SEBI through various circulars) under SEBI Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder except as provided under separate paragraph herein (**).	Yes	
12	Additional Non-compliances, if any: No additional non-compliance observed for any SEBI regulation/circular/guidance note etc.	No	

Assumptions & Limitation of scope and Review:

- 1. Compliance of the applicable laws and ensuring the authenticity of documents and information furnished, are the responsibilities of the management of the listed entity.
- 2. Our responsibility is to report based upon our examination of relevant documents and information. This is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial Records and Books of Accounts of the listed entity.
- 4. This Report is solely for the intended purpose of compliance in terms of Regulation 24A (2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the listed entity nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the listed entity.

For JINANG SHAH & ASSOCIATES

Jinang Dineshkumar Shah Practising Company Secretary Proprietor Membership No. F10649 COP No. 14215 UDIN: F010649E000433511

Date : May 04, 2023 Place : Ahmedabad

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ANNEXURE F to Directors' Report

Form AOC-1

Part "A": Subsidiaries Information

SI. No.	Particulars	Details
	NOT APPLICABLE (Since no Subsidiaries during the financial year 2022-23)	

Part "B": Associate and Joint ventures

SI. No.	Particulars	Global Instile Solid Industires Limited (Associate Company)
1	Latest audited Balance Sheet date	31/03/2023
2	Shares of Associate held by the company on the year end	
	Number	270,000
	Amount of Investment in Associate (Rs.in '000s)	9450.00
	Extent of Holding %	29.88%
3	Description of how there is significant influence	Voting Power
4	Reason why the associate is not consolidated	Not Applicable
5	Networth attributable to shareholding	
	as per latest audited Balance Sheet (Rs.in '000s)	3182.56
6	Profit/(Loss) for the year	
	i. Considered in Consolidated (Rs.in '000s)	19.54
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidated (Rs.in '000s)	Not Applicable

For and on Behalf of the Board

Milan B. Khakhar Chairman & Managing Director

Place: Mumbai Dated: 4th May, 2023

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ANNEXURE G to Directors' Report

Form AOC-2

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.]

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

Part A - Details of Contracts or Arrangements or Transactions not at arm's length basis

SI. No.	Particulars	Details
1	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	
2	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	
3	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	
4	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactionincluding the value, if any	None
5	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	
6	Date of approval by the Board	
7	Amount paid as advances, if any	
8	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as requiredunder	
	first proviso to section 188	

Part B - Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis

SI. No.	Particulars	Details
1	Name of the related party & nature of relationship	Not Applicable
2	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	Not Applicable
3	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/transaction	Not Applicable
4	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangementsor transaction including the value, if any	Not Applicable
5	Date of approval by the Board	Not Applicable
6	Amount paid as advances, if any	Not Applicable

For and on Behalf of the Board

Milan B. Khakhar Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN: 00394065)

Place: Mumbai Date: 4th May, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements (also known as standalone financial statements) of SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31 2023, and its Profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA's") specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters

How the matter was addressed by us.

Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets (refer Note 1 (II) (f) and Note 2(a), 2(b) and 2 (c) of the Standalone Financial Statements)

There are areas where management judgement impacts the carrying value of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and their respective depreciation/amortisation rates. These include the decision to capitalise or expense costs; the annual asset life review; the timeliness of the capitalisation of assets and the use of management assumptions and estimates for the determination or the measurement and recognition criteria for assets retired from active use. Due to the materiality in the context of the Balance Sheet of the Company and the level of judgement and estimates required, we consider this to be as area of significance.

We assessed the controls in place over the fixed asset cycle, evaluated the appropriateness of capitalisation process, performed tests of details on costs capitalised, the timeliness of the capitalisation of the assets and the derecognition criteria for assets retired from active use. In performing these procedures, we reviewed the judgements made by management including the nature of underlying costs capitalised; determination of realizable value of the assets retired from active use; the appropriateness of assets lives applied in the calculation of depreciation; the useful lives of assets prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. We observed that the management has regularly reviewed the aforesaid judgements and there are no material changes

Information Other than the Standalone financial statements and Auditor's Report thereon

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the Standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

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If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

- 6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 7. In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of the Standalone financial statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.
- 9. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion, The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion
 on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of
 such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained upto the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
 - Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in

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evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 12. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 13. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 14. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act. read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure "A".
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. There are no pending litigations on the Company impacting Financial Statements;
 - The Company has no long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were no material foreseeable losses; and
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in its aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kinds of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner

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- whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any final or interim dividend during the year.
- 15. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act

For Merchant & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 145290W

Ushma Merchant Proprietor

Membership No.: 142930 UDIN: 23142930BGYYXR4671

Place : Mumbai Dated: May 4, 2023

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ANNEXURE "A": TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 15 (f) under "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the Members of Solid Stone Company Limited of even date)

1. Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of The Companies Act, 2013 ("The Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

2. Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

3. Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

4. Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

5. Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial

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reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

6. Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Merchant & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 145290W

Ushma Merchant Proprietor Membership No.: 142930 UDIN: 23142930BGYYXR4671

Place : Mumbai Dated: May 4, 2023

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

ANNEXURE "B": TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 14 under "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the Members of Solid Stone Company Limited of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- i) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
 - b) As explained to us, Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management in accordance with a regular programme of verification, which in our opinion is reasonable, considering the size and the nature of its business. The frequency of verification is reasonable, and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such physical verification;
 - c) Based on our examination of the registered sale deed and property tax receipts provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
 - d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - e) Based on the information and explanation furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated on are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii) (a) Inventories (including lying with third parties) has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the books and documents made available, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from bank from banks or financial institutions on the basis of current assets where the quarterly statements filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans and advances, secured or unsecured during the year to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the clauses 3(iii) (a), (b) (c) (d),(e),(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company, during the year has not given any loans or made any investments or provided guarantees and securities to the parties covered under the provisions of Section 185 and 186. Consequently, clause 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Provisions of Section 73 to 76 of the Act, and the rules framed thereunder from the public. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause 3 (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii) i. a) The company has been irregular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods & Services Tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, and any other statutory dues with appropriate authorities, where applicable. According to the information and explanations given to us, however there are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues which have remained outstanding as at March 31 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) According to the records of the company, there are no dues outstanding of income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax, goods and services tax on account of any dispute.

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- viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix) a. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender hence reporting under clause 3 (ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - c. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - d. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - e. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - f. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x) a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of Initial public offer or further Public offer (Including debt instruments).

 Moneys raised by way of Term Loan were applied for the purpose for which those are raised.
 - b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi) a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the management.
 - b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - c) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no whistle blower complaints received have been during the year by the Company.
- xii) The company is not a nidhi Company and accordingly provisions of clause (xii) of Para 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) On the basis of our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that all the transaction with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, and the details have been disclosed in the Financial statements in Refer Note 35 as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of the business.
 - (b) We have considered the reports of the Internal Auditors for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with the directors. Accordingly, provisions of clause (xv) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xvi) (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit but had incurred cash loss in the immediately preceding financial year.

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- xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx) The Company is not required to comply provisions of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 relating to Expenditure towards CSR. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a), (b) of the Order is not applicable.

For Merchant & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 145290W

Ushma Merchant Proprietor

Membership No.: 142930 UDIN: 23142930BGYYXR4671

Place : Mumbai Dated: May 4 2023

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

	Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
			Rs. in '000s	Rs. in '000s
	ETS			
(a) (b)	-current assets Property,Plant and Equipment Capital Work in Progress	2(a)&(c)	22104.29 -	26593.03
(c) (d) (e)	Investment Property Other Intangible assets Financial Assets	2(b)	- -	0.83
(0)	(i) Investments (ii) Trade Receivables	3	9463.00	9463.00
(f)	(iii) Loans (iv) Other Financial assets Deferred Tax assets(net)	4 5	8473.48 5035.03	7649.28 7273.64
(ģ)	Other Non Current assets	6	45075.81	50979.79
(a)	rent assets Inventories	7	273319.21	213656.34
(c)	Investment Property held for sale Financial Assets (i) Investments		- -	-
	(ií) Trade Receivables (iii) Cash and cash equivalents	8 9	112956.01 690.98	117682.54 2267.48
	(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above (v) Loans (vi) Others Financial Assets	10 11	2240.00	61.00
(d)	Other Current assets	12	88779.89 477986.08	73965.00 407632.37
TOT	AL ASSETS		523061.89	458612.00
EQU Equ	JITY AND LIABILITY			
(a) (b)	Equity share capital Instruments entirely equity in nature	SOCE	53800.00	53800.00
(c)	Other Equity	SOCE	<u>154476.87</u> 208276.87	<u>148787.02</u> 202587.02
	ilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities			
(4)	(i) Borrowings (ia) Lease Liabilities (ii) Trade Payables	13 14(a)	73246.94 4965.04	82173.71 12696.83
	 a) Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other small enterprises; 	es and small enterprises than Micro Enterprises	s; and	-
(b) (c) (d)	(iii) Other financial liabilities Provisions Deferred tax liabilities (net) Other non-current liabilities	15	5759.50 -	4935.00
()	rent liabilities		83971.48	99805.55
(a)	Financial liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings (ia) Lease Liabilities (ii) Trade payables	16 14(b) 17	116812.22 7731.79	108888.56 6737.62
	 a) Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprise b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other 	es and small enterprises	•	-
(b)	Micro Enterprises and small enterprises; (iii) Other Financial liabilities Other current liabilities	18 19	21759.85 8367.88 75984.04	8308.52 7234.72 24856.25
(c)	Provisions	20	157.77	193.92
()			230813.55	156219.59

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai Date: May 04, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

M. B. KHAKHAR

Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI

Chief Financial Officer

P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector

(DIN: 00394135)

H.D.VALIA

Company Secretary (ACS No.22571)

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

	Particulars	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
			Rs. in '000s	Rs. in '000s
I INCOI	ИЕ			
_	Revenue from operations	21	308030.61	243210.32
	Other income	22	1249.88	300.70
Total	Income		309280.48	243511.02
I EXPEI	NSES			
(a) C	Cost of materials consumed	23	1890.77	1569.51
(b) F	Purchases of stock-in-trade	24	276789.07	189279.46
(c) (Changes in Inventories	25	-59466.70	-6286.03
(d) E	Employee benefits expense	26	22841.05	19273.45
(e) F	inance costs	27	23300.46	23178.51
(f) [Depreciation,amortisation,impairment expense	28	8685.83	8013.72
(g) (Other expenses	29	26982.08	18073.05
Total	expenses		301022.57	253101.67
II Profit	/ (Loss) before exceptional items		8257.91	-9590.65
V Excep	tional items		<u> </u>	
/ Profit	/ (Loss) before tax		8257.91	-9590.65
	xpense:			
` '	Current tax			
` '	Nat Entitlement		-	-
	excess/ Shortage of earlier years tax provision		131.66	511.57
(d) [Deferred tax		2288.39	-2428.79
			2420.05	-1917.22
/II Profit	/ (Loss) for the year		5837.86	-7673.43
/III Other	Comprehensive Income			
a) Items	that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss			
(i) N	leasurement of employment defined benefit plans		-197.79	780.46
(ii) F	air value changes of equity instruments		-	
(iii) F	Revaluation of property, plant and equipment		-	
b) Incon	ne tax relating to items in (a) above		49.78	-196.43
Total	Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)		-148.01	584.04
X Total	Comprehensive Income for the period		5689.85	-7089.40
(Earni	ngs Per Share (Rs 10 per share fully paid up)			
(a) E		30	1.09	(1.43)
(b) [Piluted	30	1.09	(1.43)
See a	ccompanying notes forming part of the financial statements			

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930

Chief Financial Officer Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

M. B. KHAKHAR Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI

P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

H.D.VALIA Company Secretary (ACS No.22571)

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

STANDALONE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

(Rs.in '000s)

		(Rs.in '000s
	Year Ended 31 March, 2023	Year Ended 31 March, 2022
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit before tax	8257.91	-9590.65
Adjustments for Non cash and other items :		
Depreciation and amortisation	8685.83	8013.72
Mark to Market gain on valuation of Mutual Funds	-	0010.12
Finance Cost considered in financing activities	21985.93	22357.38
Income on Amortization of loans	-140.24	-97.11
Interest on loans at amortized cost	1314.53	821.13
(Profit)/ Loss on loss of fixed asset	-	-
Apportioned Income from Government Grant	-	
Total	31846.06	31095.12
Operating Profit before working capital changes Adjustments for:	40103.97	21504.47
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	-59662.87	-5577.06
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	4726.53	2514.83
(Increase) / Decrease in loans and other financial assets	-2179.00	92.20
(Increase) / Decrease in other current and non assets	-15310.83	18709.13
Increase / (Decrease) in other Trade Payables	13451.33	-10980.27
Increase / (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	1273.40	-1972.33
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions	590.56	684.13
Increase / (Decrease) in other current liabilities	51127.78	1300.94
	34120.88	26276.04
Less: Income tax paid (net of refunds)	-459.91	-511.57
Cash generated from Operating Activities (I)	33660.96	25764.47
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Inflows	A4 ==	
Sale of assets	84.75	-
Sale of investments Outflows	-	-
Purchase of fixed assets	-4281.02	-517.45
Purchase of equity investments (NET)		017.40
Capital Advances		
Cash generated from Operating Activities (II)	-4196.27	-517.45
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Inflows		
Increase in share capital	-	-
Proceeds from term loan	-8926.78	59489.77
Proceeds from Working Capital Loan	-10044.81	-60199.69
Outflows		
Proceeds / (Repayment) of unsecured Loan	17968.47	6503.27
Finance cost Lease rent paid	-21985.93 -8052.15	-22357.38 -7423.89
·		
Cash generated from Financing Activities (III)	-31041.20	-23987.92
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	-1576.50	1258.10
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	2267.48	1008.38

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

M. B. KHAKHAR Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI Chief Financial Officer P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

H.D.VALIA Company Secretary (ACS No.22571)

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

(Rs. in '000s)

	Particulars	31 Marc	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
	- artiodialo	No of shares	Rs. in '000s	No of shares	Rs. in '000s	
(A)	Equity Share Capital Opening Equity Share Capital Add: Increase during the year Less: Reduction during the year	53,80,000 - -	53800.00 - -	53,80,000	53800.00	
	Total	53,80,000	53800.00	53,80,000	53800.00	

Reconciliation of number of shares

Particulars	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
	No of shares	Rs. in '000s	No of shares	Rs. in '000s
Balance at beginning of year	53,80,000	53800.00	53,80,000	53800.00
Issued subscribed and fully paid up	-	-	-	-
Right issue	-	-	-	
Balance at closing of year	53,80,000	53800.00	53,80,000	53800.00

(a) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(b) Shareholders holding more than 5 percent of the equity shares :-

Name of Shareholder	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Prakash Bhagwandas Khakhar	1719990	31.97%	1378895	25.63%
Milan Bhagwandas Khakhar	1149510	21.37%	808415	15.03%
Jeenoo Milan Khakhar	699300	13.00%	699300	13.00%
Vasumati Bhagwandas Khakhar	0	0.00%	682190	12.68%

(c) Details of Share holding pattern of promoters

Name of Shareholder	31 March	31 March 2023		
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Prakash Bhagwandas Khakhar	1719990	31.97%	1378895	25.63%
Milan Bhagwandas Khakhar	1149510	21.37%	808415	15.03%
Jeenoo Milan Khakhar	699300	13.00%	699300	13.00%
Vasumati Bhagwandas Khakhar	0	0.00%	682190	12.68%
Mahi Prakash Khakhar	49216	0.91%	49216	0.91%
Yash Prakash Khakhar	47969	0.89%	47969	0.89%
Kanika Milan Khakhar	40700	0.76%	40700	0.76%
Isha Milan Khakhar	33300	0.62%	33300	0.62%
Shabnam Prakash Khakhar	30500	0.57%	30500	0.57%
Charu Shekar Davda	500	0.01%	500	0.01%

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2022

(Rs. in '000s)

(B) Other Equity

		Reserves a	and Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income			
Particulars	General Reserves	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	Equity Instru- ments FVTOCI	Remeasur- ement of Employee benefits	TOTAL
Balance as at April 01, 2021	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	97905.47	-	666.04	155876.41
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-		-	-7673.43	-	-	-7673.43
Other Comprehensive income for the year	-		-		-	584.04	584.04
Total	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	90232.04	•	1250.08	148787.02
Dividends	-		-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-		-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	90232.04	•	1250.08	148787.02
Balance as at April 01, 2022	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	90232.04	-	1250.08	148787.02
Profit for the year	-		-	5837.86	-	-	5837.86
Other Comprehensive income for the year	-		-		-	-148.01	-148.01
Total	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	96069.90	-	1102.07	154476.87
Bonus Shares issued during the year	-		-	-	-	-	-
Dividends	-		-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings			-	-	-		-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	96069.90	-	1102.07	154476.87

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai

Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

M. B. KHAKHAR Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI Chief Financial Officer P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

H.D.VALIA Company Secretary (ACS No.22571)

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Notes forming part of the Financial statements (2022-23)

Note:- 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Background

Solid Stone Company Limited is a Public Limited Company domiciled and headquartered in India and incorporated under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956. The registered office of the Company is located at 1501, Maker Chambers V, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021.

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of natural stones, building materials and allied building business activities.

The standalone financial statements are approved and adopted by the board of directors of the Company in their meeting dated May 4, 2023.

II. Significant Accounting Policies followed by the Company

a) Basis of preparation:

(i) Compliance with Ind AS:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, hereinafter referred to as Ind AS.

(ii) Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, except for the following: - Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) and contingent considerations are measured at fair value; - Defined benefit plan assets measured at fair value; - Share-based payments measured at fair value.

(iii) Functional and presentation currency:

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian National Rupee (Rs.), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousands as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated. The sign '-' in these standalone financial statements indicates that amounts are nil

(iv) Historical cost convention:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- a. certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- b. assets held for sale measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell;
- c. defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value;

b) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is current when:

• It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle

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- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

c) Revenue recognition:

i) Timing of recognition:

Revenue on sale of goods is recognised at the time of transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer which generally coincides with their delivery and the seller retains no effective control of the goods transferred to a degree usually associated with ownership, and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of the goods.

Revenue from service transactions is usually recognised as the service is performed and upon completion of services or substantial completion of services under contract and raising of Invoices, and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from rendering the service.

ii) Measurement of revenue:

When a performance obligation is satisfied, an entity shall recognize as revenue the amount of transaction price that is allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties, viz. taxes on sales. The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amounts, variable amounts or both. In determining the transaction price, an entity shall consider the effect of variable consideration which includes discounts, rebates, price concessions, refunds, incentives or other similar items.

Interest Income

For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

d) Income taxes:

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the country where the company operates and generates taxable income. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set it off the recognised amounts and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet method on temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

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When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss:

Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

e) Leases:

Company as Lessee:

The Company, as a lessee, recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset. The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate. For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Company as a Lessor:

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the company is classified as a finance lease.

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and

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reduction of the lease liability to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increase.

f) Property, Plant and Equipment

(i) Tangible assets:

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of asset or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred. Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of assets are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Borrowing costs relating to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets, if material, are also included in cost to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

Stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised as property, plant and equipment if they are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes and are expected to be used during more than one period. Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress'.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation on Tangible Fixed Assets is provided on Straight Line Method on the basis of useful life of assets specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, which are as follows:

Buildings including factory buildings and Roads
 Plant and machinery
 Electrical installations and equipment
 Furniture and fixtures
 Office equipment's
 Vehicles
 Computer and Data Processing Units
 3 - 60 years
 10 years
 15 years
 15 years
 3 - 6 years

Leasehold land is being amortised over the lease period and Cost of improvement on leasehold building is being amortised over the lease period or useful life whichever is shorter.

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and any changes there in are considered as change in estimate and accounted prospectively from the date of change

ii) Intangible assets:

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible Assets having finite useful life are amortised on the straight line method as per following estimated useful life:

Asset category Estimated useful life

Computer software 3 years

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The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and any changes there in are considered as change in estimate and accounted prospectively.

Intangible assets having indefinite useful life are tested for impairment at least once in an accounting year regardless of indicators of impairment.

g) Investment Property:

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not in use by the Company, is classified as investment property. Land held for a currently undetermined future use is also classified as an investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its acquisition cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs and are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

h) Impairment of Non- Financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication on impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash flows are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or Cash Generating Units ('CGUs').

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In respect of assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is made only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over its remaining useful life.

i) Investments and other financial assets: Classification:

The Company classifies its investments in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through Other Comprehensive Income, or through profit or loss), and
- ii) Those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on business model of the entity for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or Other Comprehensive Income.

For investments in equity instruments, it depends on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual terms of the instrument.

Transaction Cost

Financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus/minus (in the case of financial assets are not recorded at fair value through profit or loss) transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Profit or Loss.

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Subsequent measurement:

After initial recognition, financial assets are measured at:

- i) Fair value {either through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) or through profit or loss (FVPL)} or,
- ii) Amortised cost

Debt instruments:

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the business model of the Company for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

Measured at amortised cost:

Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method less impairment, if any, the amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in Profit or Loss.

Measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI):

Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income. Fair value movements are recognised in the OCI (net of taxes). Interest income measured using the EIR method and impairment losses, if any are recognised in Profit or Loss. On de-recognition, cumulative gain | (loss) previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Profit or Loss.

Measured at fair value through profit or loss:

A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as other income in Profit or Loss.

Equity instruments:

The Company subsequently measures all investments in equity instruments other than subsidiary companies, associate company and Joint Venture Company at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), with fair value changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the right to receive payment is established.

Investments in subsidiary companies, associate company and Joint Venture Company:

Investments in subsidiary companies, associate company and Joint Venture Company are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiary companies, associate company and Joint Venture Company, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in Profit or Loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 33 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade and lease receivable only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of such receivables.

De-recognition:

A financial asset is de-recognised only when

- i) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset, or
- ii) Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients

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Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is de-recognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not de-recognised. Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is de-recognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

Financial liabilities & Equity instruments:

- i) Classification as debt or equity Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.
- ii) Initial recognition and measurement Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the fair value.
- **Subsequent measurement -** Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss is measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in Profit or Loss.
- iv) **De-recognition** A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.
- v) Reclassification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities: The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. If the company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model.

j) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as Derivatives, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- · In the absence of the principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset of liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company. The fair value of asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

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External Valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets such as certain items or property, plant and equipment. For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

k) Inventories:

Items of Inventories are valued on the basis given below:

- Raw materials, packing materials, stores and spares: at cost determined on First in First Out (FIFO) basis or net realizable value whichever is lower.
- ii. Process stock and finished goods: At cost or net realizable values whichever is lower.

Cost comprises of cost of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location and condition.

The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Due allowances are made for slow moving and obsolete inventories based on estimates made by the Company.

I) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with bank and other short-term (three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

m) Trade receivables:

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value of the revenue. Subsequently, trade receivables are stated at cost less provision for impairment, if any.

Customer credit risk is managed by the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of the customer is assessed and individual limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

The Company applies expected credit losses (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of provision / loss allowance on the Trade receivables as given in Ind AS 109 *Financial Instruments*

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to measure ECL on its portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is prepared based on historically observed default floating rates over the expected life of trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At each reporting date, the historically observed default rates and changes in the forward-looking estimates are updated.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in Profit or Loss under the head 'Other expenses'.

n) Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

o) Borrowings:

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Borrowings are removed from the Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised

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in profit or loss as other income /(expense). Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

p) Borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

q) Provisions and contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is deter-mined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the Management of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the li- ability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

r) Employee benefits:

Short-term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of service such as salaries, wages, bonus, ex-gratia, medical benefits etc. are recognised in the year in which the employees render the related service and are presented as current employee benefit obligations within the Balance Sheet. Termination benefits are recognised as an expense as and when incurred. Short-term leave encashment is provided at undiscounted amount during the accounting period based on service rendered by employees. Compensation payable under Voluntary Retirement Scheme is being charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of settlement.

Other long-term employee benefits:

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service to the extent applicable to the Company. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss. The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

Defined contribution plan:

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as contribution to Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund, Employees' State Insurance Corporation, National Pension Scheme and Labours Welfare Fund are charged as an expense to the Statement of Profit and Loss based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees if applicable to the Company. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

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Defined benefit plan: Gratuity:

Gratuity liability is a defined benefit obligation and is computed on the basis of an actuarial valuation by an actuary appointed for the purpose as per projected unit credit method at the end of each financial year. The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit pension and gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on Government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur directly in Other Comprehensive Income. They are included in retained earnings in the Statement of changes in equity and in the Balance Sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

s) Earnings per share

Earnings per share (EPS) are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the EPS is the net profit for the period and any attributable tax thereto for the period. The treasury shares are not considered as outstanding equity shares for computing EPS.

t) Foreign Currency Transactions

Initial recognition.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the Company's functional currency i.e "Rupees" at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions

Conversion

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange difference

Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss, except exchange differences arising from the translation of the following items which are recognised in OCI

- equity investments at fair value through OCI (FVOCI);
- a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; and
- qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective

u) Critical estimates and judgements

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, the disclosures of contingent liabilities and contingent assets at the date of financial statements, income and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates and assumption judgements having the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are:

-Measurement of defined benefit obligations;

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- Recognition of deferred tax assets & minimum alternative tax credit entitlement;
- Useful life and residual value of Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets;
- Impairment test of financial and non-financial assets including recoverability of expenditure on internally- generated intangible assets;
- Measurement of fair value for share based payments;
- Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies.
- Estimate of Sales Return, Rebates and Discounts
- The Company's tax jurisdiction is India. Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for Income Tax including amounts to be recovered or paid for uncertain tax positions. Management judgement is required to determine amount of deferred tax asset/ liability that is recognized.

v) Segment Reporting

An operating segment is defined as a component of the entity that represents business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses and for which discrete financial information is available. The operating segments are based on the Company's internal reporting structure and the manner in which operating results are reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM)

The Management Advisory Committee of the Company has been identified as the CODM by the Company. Refer Note 33G for Segment disclosure

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Note 2 (a). Property, Plant and Equipment

(Rs.in '000s)

	Particulars	Factory Land and Building	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Computers	Vehicles	Office Equip- ments	Total
Α	GROSS BLOCK							
	As At April 01, 2021	4656.42	7833.87	26860.78	2865.30	20605.60	6017.41	68839.38
	Additions during the Year		27.00		197.23		293.22	517.45
	Deductions		1635.50	18071.23	2570.05	892.35	414.72	23583.86
	As at March 31, 2022	4656.42	6225.37	8789.55	492.47	19713.25	5895.91	45772.97
	Additions during the Year	-	-	-	122.64	2636.11	1522.27	4281.02
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	3234.21	-	3234.21
	As at March 31, 2023	4656.42	6225.37	8789.55	615.11	19115.15	7418.18	46819.77
В	DEPRECIATION							
	As At April 01, 2021	2880.41	7070.72	26860.78	2675.65	15950.93	4320.35	59758.84
	For the Year	144.45	276.12		129.46	1364.03	364.88	2278.94
	Deductions		1635.50	18071.23	2570.05	892.35	414.72	23583.86
	As at March 31, 2022	3024.87	5711.34	8789.55	235.05	16422.61	4270.50	38453.93
	Additions during the Year	144.45	114.66	-	159.13	653.89	270.40	1342.53
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	3149.47	-	3149.47
	As at March 31, 2023	3169.32	5826.00	8789.55	394.18	13927.04	4540.90	36646.99
С	NET BLOCK							
	As at March 31, 2022	1631.55	514.03	-	257.42	3290.64	1625.41	7319.04
	As at March 31, 2023	1487.10	399.36	-	220.93	5188.11	2877.28	10172.78

Note 2(b): Intangibles (Rs.in '000s)

	Particulars	Software						Total
Α	GROSS BLOCK							
	As At April 01, 2021	43.20	-	-	-	-	-	43.20
	Additions during the Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2022	43.20		-	-	-	-	43.20
	Additions during the Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2023	43.20	-	-	-	-	-	43.20
В	DEPRECIATION							
	As At April 01, 2021	40.45	-	-	-	-	-	40.45
	For the Year	1.92	-	-	-	-	-	1.92
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2022	42.37	-	-	-	-	-	42.37
	Additions during the Year	0.83	-	-	-	-	-	0.83
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2023	43.20	-	-	-	-	-	43.20
С	NET BLOCK							
	As at March 31, 2022	0.83	-	-	-	-	-	0.83
	As at March 31, 2023	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL NET BLOCK (2b)							
	As at March 31, 2022	0.83	-	-	-	-	-	0.83
	As at March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 2(c): Right of use Asset

(Rs.in '000s)

	<u> </u>							
	Particulars	Buildings						Total
Α	GROSS BLOCK							
	As At April 01, 2021	11917.73	-	-	-	-	-	11917.73
	Additions during the Year	22027.41	-	-	-	-	-	22027.41
	Deductions	11917.73	-	-	-	-	-	11917.73
	As at March 31, 2022	22027.41	-	-		-	-	22027.41
	Additions during the Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2023	22027.41	-	-	•	-	-	22027.41
В	DEPRECIATION							
	As At April 01, 2021	8938.30	-	-	-	-	-	8938.30
	For the Year	5732.86	-	-	-	-	-	5732.86
	Deductions	11917.73	-	-	-	-	-	11917.73
	As at March 31, 2022	2753.43	-	-	•	-	-	2753.43
	Additions during the Year	7342.47	-	-	-	-	-	7342.47
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2023	10095.90	-	-	1	-	1	10095.90
С	NET BLOCK							
	As at March 31, 2022	19273.99	-	-	-	-	-	19273.99
	As at March 31, 2023	11931.52	-	-	-	-	-	11931.52
	TOTAL NET BLOCK (2a + 2c)							
	As at March 31, 2022	20905.54	514.03	-	257.42	3290.64	1625.41	26593.86
	As at March 31, 2023	13418.61	399.36	-	220.93	5188.11	2877.28	22104.29
_								

Note No. 3: Investments - Non Current

(Rs.in '000s)

Particulars	As at 31st	March 2023	As at 31 March, 2022		
	No.of Units	Rs.in '000s	No.of Units	Rs.in '000s	
Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint ventures Unquoted, fully paid up At COST 270000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each of Global Instile Solid Industries Limited Trade Unquoted - In Shares: (at fair value through Profit or Loss) Shreeji Bhatia Co-operative Bank	270,000 520	9450.00	270,000 520	9450.00	
Total	270,520	9463.00	270,520	9463.00	
Total	270,520	9463.00	270,520	9463.00	
Total Investments	270,520	9463.00	270,520	9463.00	
Aggregate amount of Unquoted investments at Cost Aggregate amount of Quoted investments at Cost Market Value of Quoted investments	- - -	9463.00		9463.00	

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 4: Other non current financial assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Security Deposits	4433.90	3964.39
Term deposits with banks / Financial Institutions	4039.58	3684.89
Total	8473.48	7649.28

Of the Above Includes Rs Nil to Key Managerial Personnel (Previous year : Rs Nil)

Note 5 : Deferred Tax Asset :

Particulars		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
		Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Deferred Tax Asset ;			
- Arising on account of difference in carrying amount and	d tax base of PPE and Intangibles	1587.94	1871.32
- on remeasurements of defined benefit obligations		1489.26	1290.85
- on account of Unabsorbed Depreciation and Loss under	er Income TAX act	2260.10	4463.52
	Α	5337.29	7625.69
Deferred Tax Liabilities: - Accrued Expenses allowable on Actual Payments			
- on remeasurements of defined benefit obligations		-302.26	-352.04
	В	-302.26	-352.04
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) - (Net)	A+B	5035.03	7273.64
MAT Credit		-	-
Total	A+B	5035.03	7273.64

Note 6

Other Non Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Capital Advances		-
Total	-	-

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 7: Inventories

(At lower of cost and net realisable value)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Raw materials Finished goods - Manufactiured Finished goods - Traded (including stock in transit of Rs 4626.717 thousands	2426.05 3811.66	2045.27 3834.40
(March 2022: Rs 1328.9 thousands)	267004.95	207515.52
Stores & Spares	273242.66 76.55	213395.18 261.16
	76.55	261.16
Total	273319.21	213656.34

Note 8: Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Trade Receivables (Refer Note below) Less: Provision for loss allowance	112956.01 -	117682.54 -
Total	112956.01	117682.54
Break-Up:		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured,considered good	112956.01	117682.54
Trade Receivables with significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-
	112956.01	117682.54
Less: Provision for Loss allowance	-	-
Total	112956.01	117682.54

A) Refer Note 33B for information about credit risk and market risk of trade receivables

Note 9: Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s	
Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts	690.98 - -	2267.48	
Total	690.98	2267.48	

Note 10: Bank balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Bank / Financial Institution deposits (Maturity of less than 12 months)		-
Earmarked balances with banks	-	<u>-</u>
Total	-	-

B) Refer Note 36F for Ageing of Trade receivables

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 11: Current financial assets - Loans

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Loans to related parties	-	-
Loans and advances to employees	2240.00	61.00
Loans - Others	-	-
	2240.00	61.00
Less: Provision for Loss allowance	-	-
Total	2240.00	61.00
Break-Up:		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	2240.00	61.00
Loans which have a significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Loans which are credit impaired	-	-
Less: Provision for Loss allowance	-	-
Total	2240.00	61.00

Refer Note 33B for information about credit risk and market risk of Loans

Note 12 : Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Advances to Suppliers	68579.85	63076.34
Prepaid expenses	445.02	517.48
Balances with government authorities	566.84	26.00
Advances recoverable in kind for value to be received	18003.51	9332.98
Interest Accrued on Deposit	95.17	250.96
Advance Tax Net of provision	1089.50	761.24
Total	88779.89	73965.00

A) Advances to Suppliers includes advances to related parties to the tune of Rs. Nil as on 31st March 2023 (Rs. 35.52 lakhs as on 31st March 2022)

Note 13: Non-current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Loans - From banks - From Financial Institutions Loans from Others	70691.88 2555.06	76554.68 5619.04
Total	73246.94	82173.71
Secured Unsecured	69591.57 3655.37	75540.31 6633.41
Total	73246.93	82173.71

⁽i) Details of each loan taken are stated in note no. 34

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 14(a) : Lease Liability - Non Current

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Lease Rent Liability	4965.04	12696.83
Total	4965.04	12696.83
Note 14(b) : Lease Liability - Current		
	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Current maturities of lease liabilities	7731.79	6737.62
Total	7731.79	6737.62
Note 15 : Non-current provisions		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Provision for employee benefits Provision for gratuity (net) Provision for other employee benefits	5759.50 -	4935.00 -
Total	5759.50	4935.00
Note 16 : Current Borrowings		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Loans Repayable on Demand - From banks - From other parties Loans and advances from related parties Current maturities of long-term debt	75140.33 7642.17 15368.95 18660.77	85185.14 3469.70 1873.13 18360.59
Total	116812.22	108888.56
Break -up: Secured Unsecured	104747.88 12064.34	85185.14 23703.42
Total	116812.22	108888.56

⁽i) Details of each loan taken are stated in note no. 34

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 17: Trade Payables - Current

Particulars	As at Particulars 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Trade payables:		
-For Goods	14410.28	6880.86
-For Services	2153.18	1427.66
Due to related parties	5196.38	-
Due to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	-	-
Total	21759.85	8308.52

Trade payables are non interest bearing.

From above payable to Micro Small Medium Enterprises

From above payable to Micro Small Medium Enterprises

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid, other than under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments already made	_	_
Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	-	-

i. * Trade payables are dues in respect of goods purchased or services received (including from employees, professionals and others under contract) in the normal course of business.

Refer Note 33B for information about credit risk and market risk for Trade payables

Note 18: Other current financial liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Current maturities of Long Term Debt	-	-
Salary Payable	3487.09	3768.11
Other payables	4880.79	3466.61
Total	8367.88	7234.72

^{*} The Company has initiated the process of identification of suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, by obtaining confirmations from all suppliers. Information has been collated only to the extent of information received.

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 19: Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Statutory dues payable	88.66	70.90
GST payable	9.09	220.82
Provident Fund and ESIC payable	<u>-</u>	11.42
Witholding taxes payable	808.58	905.14
Security Deposit from customer #	75077.72	23647.98
Total	75984.04	24856.25

There is no amount due for payment to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at year end

Note 20: Current Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Provision for employee benefits:		
Provision for Gratuity (net)	157.77	193.92
Provision for other employee benefits	-	
Provision for taxation	-	
Total	157.77	193.92

Note 21: Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year Ended Particulars 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Sale of Products	300891.17	234408.97
Sales - Services	6340.08	2608.76
Other operating revenues	799.35	6192.59
Total	308030.61	243210.32

In case of sale of goods, the Company satisfies its performance obligation upon delivery, which is based on the terms agreed with the customer, and for the sale of services, the performance obligation is satisfied as and when the services are rendered.

Note 22 : Other Income

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Interest Income	221.00	194.91
Interest on loans at amortized cost	140.24	97.11
Gain on foreign exchange fluctuations (NET)	345.07	-
Other Non operating income	543.56	8.69
Total	1249.88	300.70

[#] Deposit from customers are non interest bearing and repayable on termination of contract unless otherwise agreed.

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 23 : Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Opening Stock:	2045.27	2700.17
Add : Purchase	2271.56	914.6
Less : Closing Stock	2426.05	2045.27
	1890.77	1569.5
Raw Material Details of Materials Consumed	1890.77	1569.5 ²
Total	1890.77	1569.5°
Note 24 : Purchases of Stock in Trade		
	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Purchases of Stock in Trade	276789.07	189279.46
Total	276789.07	189279.40
Note 25 : Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade, w	ork in progress	
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
Particulais	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Opening inventories		
Finished goods - Manufactured	3834.40	3918.19
Finished goods - Traded	207515.52	201145.6
•	241240.04	205062.00
Closing Inventories	211349.91	205063.88
Finished goods - Manufactured	3811.66	3834.40
Finished goods - Traded	267004.95	207515.5
	270816.61	211349.9 ⁻
Total	-59466.70	-6286.03
Note 26 : Employee Benefit expenses		
Dortionless	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
Particulars	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Salaries, Bonus and Other Allowances	14218.83	10670.6
Remuneration to Directors	7204.80	7204.8
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	164.05	126.3
Gratuity and other long term employee benefits	628.56	684.1
Employee Welfare expenses	624.82	587.5
Total	22841.05	19273.4

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 27 : Finance Cost

	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Interest expenses	21268.36	21312.86
Other Borrowing costs	717.57	1044.53
Interest on loans at amortized cost	1314.53	821.13
Total	23300.46	23178.51
Note 28 : Depreciation		
2	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31 March 2023 Rs.in '000s	31 March 2022 Rs.in '000s
Depreciation on Property Plant and equipment	1342.53	
Depreciation on Property Plant and equipment	0.83	2278.94 1.92
Depreciation on Intangibles Depreciation on Right to use	7342.47	5732.86
	8685.83	8013.72
Note 29 : Other Expenses		
- Control Expenses	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Power and Fuel	1530.38	1159.28
Labour charges	1147.26	1041.09
Interest in delayed statutory dues GST,TDS,TCS	347.25	585.88
Repairs and Renewals - Buildings	507.88	164.50
Repairs and Renewals - Plant and Machinery	555.95	167.07
Repairs and Renewals - Others	16.88	10.80
Insurance	782.19	499.27
Bad Debts	45.98	590.55
Rent	1231.81	1656.87
Printing and Stationery	343.89	309.79
Travelling and Conveyance	6289.30	2558.08
Motor Car Expenses	439.62	345.88
Legal and Professional fees	5475.90	3333.00
Payment to Auditors (See note (i) below)	495.00	475.00
Postage and Courier	0.20	3.58
Business Promotion	272.41	148.11
Communication charges	473.22	435.87
Commission on Sales Discounts and Rebates	0.00	83.74
	96.82	30.33 31.02
ROC fees and stamp duty	6.54	22.94
Loss on foreign exchange fluctuations (NET) Tools and stores consumed	- 753.01	543.89
Packing materials consumed	793.01 56.56	45.53
Miscellaneous Expenses	6114.03	3831.00
Total	26982.08	18073.05
Note		
(i) Payment to Auditor (excluding taxes)		22=
As Auditor	305.00	285.00
Tax Audit	80.00	80.00
Other Taxation Matters	110.00	110.00
	495.00	475.00

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 30: Earnings Per Share

Particulars	As at Particulars 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Earnings per share has been computed as under : (a) Profit and Loss for the period	5837.86	-7673.43
(b) Weighted Average of number of equity shares outstanding	53,80,000	53,80,000
Earnings per Share - BASIC	1.09	(1.43)

Diluted shares per share is the same as Basic Earnings per share

Note 31: Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

Contingent Liability not provided for:

- i) Demands/claims by various Government Authorities not acknowledged as debts and contested by the company:
 - a) Income Tax Rs. Nil (Prev.Yr. Nil)
 - b) The Company has exposure to currency fluctuations. It does not hedge its position as the management feels it does not have any material impact as the company is importer as well as exporter of goods and services.

Note 32 : Disclosures as per IND AS - 19 - Employee Benefits

During the year, the company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
		Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
i)	Employer's contribution to Provident Fund* *Included in " Contribution to Provident and other Funds" (Note 26).	164.05	126.31

iii) Defined benefit obligation: (Unfunded)

The valuation results for the defined benefit gratuity plan as at 31-3-2023 are produced in the tables below:

i) Changes in the Present Value of Obligation

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Present Value of Obligation as at the beginning	5128.92	5225.25
Current Service Cost	369.85	338.64
Interest Expense or Cost	258.71	345.49
Re-measurement (or Actuarial) (gain) / loss arising from:		
- change in financial assumptions	90.57	-405.01
- change in demographic assumptions	107.23	-
- experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions)	-	-375.46
Benefits Paid	-38.00	-
Present Value of Obligation as at the end	5917.27	5128.92

ii) Expenses Recognised in the Income Statement

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s		
Current Service Cost	369.85	338.64		
Net Interest Cost / (Income) on the Net Defined Benefit Liability / (Asset)	258.71	345.49		
Expenses Recognised in the Income Statement	628.56	684.13		

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

iii) Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Actuarial (gains) / losses		
- change in financial assumptions	90.57	-405.01
- change in demographic assumptions	107.23	-
- experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions)	-	-375.46
Return on Plan Assets excluding interest income	-	-
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive inco	me 197.79	-780.46

iv) Actuarial Assumptions

a. Financial Assumptions

The principal financial assumptions used in the valuation are shown in the table below:

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022	
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s	
Discount rate (per annum) Salary growth rate (per annum)	7.21% 3.00%	7.35% 3.00%	

b. Demographic Assumptions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Mortality Rate Employee Atrition Rate: (per annum) (PS)	IALM(2012-14)	IALM(2012-14)
0 to 5 years 5 to 47 years	20.00% 1.00%	20.00% 1.00%

v) Amount, Timing and Uncertainty of Future Cash Flows

a. Sensitivity Analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
		Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s	
Defined Benefit Obligation (Base)		5917.27	5128.92	
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023		s at ch 2022	

Particulars	AS a 31 March	-	31 March 2022		
	Decrease		Decrease	Increase	
Discount Rate (-/+1%) (% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	6624.68	5310.78	4582.21	5770.38	
	<i>11.94%</i>	<i>-10.25%</i>	-10.66%	12.51%	
Salary Growth Rate (- / + 1%) (% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	5461.87	6402.59	5639.60	4651.04	
	-7.70%	8.20%	9.96%	-9.32%	

The scheme is managed on funded basis.

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

b. Effect of Plan on Entity's Future Cash Flows

- Funding arrangements and Funding Policy

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
The scheme is unfunded.		
Expected Contribution during the next annual reporting period		
The Company's best estimate of Contribution during the next year	297.09	258.71
Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation		
Veighted average duration (based on discounted cash flows)	12.59 years	13.33 years
Expected cash flows over the next (valued on undiscounted basis):	(Rs. in '000s)	(Rs. in '000s)
year	157.77	193.92
to 5 years	902.84	784.04
o to 10 years	1777.24	1554.73
ri) Movement of Liability : Employee Benefits	_	_
Opening balance	5128.92	5225.25
Add : Provision for the year	826.35	-96.34
Less : Paid during the year	-38.00	-
Closing Balance	5917.27	5128.92

Description of Risk Exposures:

Valuations are based on certain assumptions, which are dynamic in nature and vary over time. As such company is exposed to various risks as follow -

- A Salary Increases-Actual salary increases will increase the Plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability
- B Investment Risk If Plan is funded then the mismatch between assets and liabilities and actual return on assets being lower than the discount rate assumed at the last valuation date can impact the liability
- C Discount Rate: Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability
- D Mortality & disability Actual deaths & disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
- E Withdrawals Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact Plan's liability.

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47.62%

48.24%

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

NOTE 33

A. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of Company's Capital Management, capital includes Issued Equity Capital, and retained earnings attributable to the Equity Holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise the Share Holder Value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic conditions and requirements of the financial covenants and to continue as a going concern. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'Net Debt' to 'Equity'. For this purpose, net debt is defined as total borrowings less Cash & Bank Balances and Other Current Investments.

The Company's net debt to equity ratios are as follows:

(Rs. in '000s) **Particulars** 31st March 2023 31st March 2022 190059.16 Loans and Borrowings 191062.28 Less: Cash and Short Term Deposits -690.98 -2267.48 189368.18 188794.80 **Net Debt** Equity 53800.00 53800.00 Other Equity 154476.87 148787.02 **Total Capital** 208276.87 202587.02 Capital and Net Debt 397645.05 391381.81

B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Net Debt to Equity Ratio

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the operations of the Company. The principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, investments in mutual funds and cash and short term deposits.

The Company has assessed market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk to its financial liabilities.

i) Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument, as a result of interest rates and other price risks. Financial instruments affected by market risks, primarily include loans & borrowings, investments and other receivables, payables and borrowings.

Interest Rate Risks

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rate. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. Borrowings issued at fixed rates exposes to fair value interest rate risk. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Company is as follows.

		(Rs. in '000s)
Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
Fixed-rate Instruments Borrowings	190059.16	191062.28

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Commodity Price Risk

The Company's activities are exposed to fibre price risks and therefore its overall risk management program focuses on the volatile nature of the fibre market, thus seeking to minimize potential adverse effects on the group's financial performance on account of such volatility.

The Board reviews risk management policies.

Foreign Currency Risks

Currency risk is not material, as the company's business activities are auto hedge since our Raw Material is imported whereas our Finished product pricing are determined in Dollar pricing, so we get the benefit of auto hedging.

ii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However credit risk with regards to trade receivable is almost negligible in case of its residential sale business as the same is done to the fact that in case of its residential sell business it does not handover possession till entire outstanding is received.

The ageing of trade receivables is given in Note 36F

The amounts reflected in the table above are not impaired as on the reporting date.

Investments in Debt Securities, Limited Liability Partnerships, Loans to Related Parties and Project Deposits

The Company has investments in mutual funds, and loans to related parties. Such Financial Assets are not impaired as on the reporting date.

Cash and Bank balances

The Company holds cash and cash equivalents with banks which are having highest safety rankings and hence has a low credit risk.

iii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows. This monitoring includes financial ratios and takes into account the accessibility of cash and cash equivalents.

The Company has access to funds from debt markets through bank loan, commercial papers, fixed deposits from public and other debt instruments. The Company invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposit and debt based mutual funds.

Exposure to Liquidity Risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date

(Rs. in '000s).

	Carrying	Contractual cash flows					
March 31, 2023	Amount ⁻	Total	Within 12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	
Financial Liabilities							
Non Current							
Borrowings	73246.94	73246.94	-	17777.20	55469.74	-	
<u>Current</u>							
Borrowings	116812.22	116812.22	116812.22	-	-	-	
Trade Payables	21759.85	21759.85	21759.85	-	-	-	
Others	8367.88	8367.88	8367.88	-	-	-	

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

March 31, 2022	Carrying		Contractual cash flows				
	Amount ⁻	Total	Within 12 months	1-2 years	More than 5 years		
Financial Liabilities							
Non Current							
Borrowings	82173.71	82173.71		- 24572.41	57601.30	-	
Current							
Borrowings	108888.56	108888.56	108888.56	-	-	-	
Trade Payables	8308.52	8308.52	8308.52	-	-	-	
Others	7234.72	7234.72	7234.72	-	-	-	

FAIR VALUES AND HIERARCHY

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values:

March 31, 2023							(Rs. in '000s)
Double design		Carryin	g Value		Fair	Value Heir	archy	
Particulars -	At Cost	Fair Value through profit or loss	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	─ Total
Financial Assets								
- Investments	9463.00	-	-	9463.00			9463.00	9463.00
- Loans	2240.00	-	-	2240.00			2240.00	2240.00
- Others financial assets Financial Liabilities	8473.48	-	-	8473.48			8473.48	8473.48
- Borrowings	190059.16	-	-	190059.16			190059.16	190059.16

March 31, 2022								(Rs. in '000s)
Particulars -		Carryin	g Value		Fair Value Heirarchy			T-4-1
Fai liculai 5	At Coot	Egir Value	Amarticad	Total	Lovel 1	Lovel 2	Lovel 2	Total

Failiculais	At Cost	Fair Value through profit or loss	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	- Iotai
Financial Assets								
- Investments	9463.00	-	-	9463.00		-	9463.00	9463.00
- Loans	61.00	-	-	61.00		-	61.00	61.00
- Others financial assets Financial Liabilities	7649.28	-	-	7649.28		-	7649.28	7649.28
- Borrowings	191062.28	-		191062.28		-	191062.28	191062.28

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, bank overdrafts and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Fair Value of financial assets included is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value.

- 1. The Fair values of Investment are based on NAV at the reporting date.
- 2. The Company uses the discounted cash flow valuation technique (in relation to fair value of asset measured at amortised cost) which involves determination of present value of expected receipt/payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates. The fair value so determined are classified as Level 2.

G) Segment Information:

The Company is engaged interalia in the business of natural stones, building material and allied building activities which is considered as a single segment. These in the context of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" are considered to constitute one single primary segment. The Company's operations outside India do not exceed the quantitative threshold for disclosure envisaged in the Accounting Standard. Non-reportable segments have not been disclosed as unallocated reconciling item in view of their materiality. In view of the above, primary and secondary reporting disclosures for business/geographical segment are not applicable.

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

NOTE 34: Non Current and Current Borrowings

Vehicle loan is secured by a specific charge on respective purchases of Assets. Details of each loan taken are stated below:-

Nature of Security	Terms of Repayment
I -Vehic	le Loan
Term loan from Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 72,554 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 4,35,076) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai	Repayable in 62 installments starting from 01 Feb 2018. Last installment due in 01 June 2023 Rate of Interest is 8.25%
Term loan from Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 77,501 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 3,85,259) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai.	Repayable in 62 installments starting from 05 March 2018. Last installment due in 05 July 2023 Rate of Interest is 8.25%
Term loan from Toyota Financial Services (India) Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs Nil as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 7,71,976) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai.	Repaid the loan during the year
Term loan from Toyota Financial Services (India) Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 5,98,308 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 8,19,720) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai.	Repayable in 65 installments starting from 10 Dec 2019. Las installment due in 10 Apr 2025 Rate of Interest is 9.51%
Term loan from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 20,00,000 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs Nil) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai .	Repayable in 60 installments starting from 5th May 2023. Last installment due in 5th April 2028 Rate of Interest is 8.60%
Details	Terms of Repayment
II- Working Cap	ital / Term Loan
Term loan from IDFC Capital First Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 4,26,090 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 9,15,122) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 67 installments starting from 02 June 2018. Last installment due in 02 Dec 2023 Rate of Interest is 18.00%
Term loan from Deutsche Bank, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 22,29,105 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 29,37,851) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 52 installments starting from 05 Oct 2019. Last installment due in 05 June 2025 Rate of Interest is 18.00%
Term loan (GECL) from Deutsche Bank, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 1,96,198 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 3,08,858) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 48 installments starting from 05 Nov 2020. Las installment due in 05 Oct 2024 Rate of Interest is 9.00%
Term loan from Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs Nil as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 16,12,436) is Unsecured.	Repaid the loan during the year
Term loan (GECL) from Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 2,39,628 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 3,73,732) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 48 installments starting from 05 Oct 2020. Lasi installment due in 05 Sep 2024 Rate of Interest is 14.00%
Term loan from India Infoline Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 31,69,436 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 41,60,113) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 65 installments starting from 03 March 2020. Last installment due in 03 July 2025 Rate of Interest is 18.70%
Term loan (GECL) from India Infoline Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 3,86,392 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 6,02,649) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 48 installments starting from 03 Oct 2020. Las installment due in 03 Sep 2024 Rate of Interest is 14.00%
Term loan from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 43,000 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 16,56,767) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 26 installments starting from 01 Jan 2021. Las installment due in 01 Feb 2023 Rate of Interest is 19.00%

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Term loan from Shriram City Union Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs Nil as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 5,13,499) is Unsecured.	Repaid the loan during the year
Term loan from Tata Capital Financial Services Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs Nil as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 2,73,889) is Unsecured.	Repaid the loan during the year
Term loan from R & G Advani Impex Private Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 15,65,313 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 18,07,703) is Unsecured.	Repayable on demand. Rate of Interest is 12.00%
Term loan from Shalimar Hotels Private Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 16,62,001 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 16,62,001) is Unsecured.	Repayable on demand. Rate of Interest is 12.00%
Term loan (GECL 1) from State Bank of India, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 1,92,86,136 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 2,44,25,343) extended against existing security of Term Loan / cashcredit accounts as part of the Covid19 package	Repayable in 36 installments starting from 14 Jul 2022. Last installment due in 14 Jun 2025 Rate of Interest is 9.25%
Term loan (GECL2) from State Bank of India, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 1,19,24,604 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs. 1,19,07,842) extended against existing security of Term Loan / cashcredit accounts as part of the Covid19 package	Repayable in 36 installments starting from 25 Nov 2023. Last installment due in 25 Oct 2026 Rate of Interest is 9.25%
Term loan (WCTL) from State Bank of India, secured on pari passu basis, by way of hypothecation of inventories, book debts and receivables both present and future and further secured by way of equitable mortgage of company's factory and machinery and equipments as well as equitable mortgage over factory and machinery and equipments of M/s. Global Instile Solid Industries Limited (Related party) balance outstanding amounting to Rs 4,80,31,440 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs. 4,84,34,170)	Repayable in 72 installments starting from 01 Dec 2022. Last installment due in 01 Nov 2028 Rate of Interest is 12.65%
Cash Credit facilities from State Bank of India, secured on pari passu basis, by way of hypothecation of inventories, book debts and receivables both present and future and further secured by way of equitable mortgage of company's factory land, building, machinery and equipments as well as equitable mortgage over factory land, building, machinery and equipments of M/s. Global Instile Solid Industries Limited (Related party) balance outstanding amounting to Rs 8,27,82,503 as on March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2022 Rs. 8,51,85,143).	Repayable on demand. Rate of Interest is 12.65%

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

NOTE 35(1) Related Party Disclosures

Related Party Disclosure: (as required by Ind AS 24)

- a) List of Parties which significantly influence / are influenced by the company (either individually or with others):
 - Relationships :
 - (a) Key Management Personnel:
 - Mr. Milan B. Khakhar
 - Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar
 - Mr. Manoj Dewani
 - Mr. Hardik Valia
 - (b) Associate Concern:
 - Global Instile Solid Industries Ltd.
 - (c) Relatives of Key Management personnel and Enterprise owned and significantly influenced by Key Management personnel or their relatives Milan Marble & Tiles
 - Yash P. Khakhar
 - Jeenoo Khakhar
 - Shabnam Khakhar (Formerly called Shraddha Khakhar)
 - Sonal Dewani

Note: Related party relationship on the basis of the requirements of Ind AS 24 is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors

2) Transactions carried out with Related parties referred to in 1 above, in ordinary course of business:

(Rs.in '000s)

NATURE OF TRANSACTIONS		RELATED PARTIES								
	Key Managen	nent Personnel	Associat	e Concern	Relatives of Key Management personnel and Enterprise owned and significantly influenced by Key Management personnel or their relatives					
PURCHASES:	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22				
Goods and Material	_	_	134340.58	108921.10	_	_				
SALES : Goods and Material	_	_	_	_	_	_				
EXPENSES: Rent Salary / Remuneration &	_	_	_	_	720.00	720.00				
Allowances Directors' fees	9759.60 —	9474.60 —	=		2993.60 —	1959.80 —				
INCOME:	_	_	_	_	_	_				
OUTSTANDINGS: Payable Receivable	711.00 —	1,542.36 —	5196.38 —	 3551.96	952.20 —	1405.31 —				
LOANS : Payable Receivable	15368.95 —	1873.13 —	_	_ _	=	_ _				
Taken Re-Paid	35292.00 21796.18	6485.00 5044.72	_	_ _	_	_				
DEPOSITS: Given	_	_	_	_	1350.00	1350.00				
GUARANTEES: Given Taken	 276000.00	 276000.00	 138000.00	 138000.00	=					

Disclosures pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 & section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

NOTE 35(2): Related Party Disclosures

(Rs.in '000s)

Sr. Natur No. Transa		Ke	Key Management Personnel				Enterprise	owned	and signif	nent perso icantly influ or their rela	ienced by
		Milan Khakhar (Chairman & Managing Director)	Prakash Khakhar (Joint Managing Director)	Manoj Dewani (Chief Financial Officer)	Hardik Valia (Company Secretary)	Global Instile Solid Industries Ltd.	Milan Marble & Tiles	Yash Khakhar	Jeenoo Khakhar	Shabnam Khakhar	Sonal Dewani
1 Payments to	» &										
provision for	r:										
a) Salary /	'										
Remuneration	on										
& Allowance	•	3602.40	3602.40	2102.40	452.40	_	_	526.40	482.40	482.40	1502.40
		(3602.40)	(3602.40)	(1727.40)	(542.40)	_	_	(392.60)	(242.40)	(242.40)	(1082.40)
b) Rent		_	_	_	_	_	720.00	_	_	_	_
		_	_	_	_	_	(720.00)	_	_	_	_
c) Director	's Fees	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	ļ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2 a) Loans T	aken	34792.00	500.00	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
		(5925.00)	(560.00)		1	-	_	_	_	_	_
b) Loans re	efunded	21296.18	500.00	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
		(4346.55)	(698.17)			_	_		_	_	_
c) Loans P	ayable	15326.00	42.96	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	–
		(1830.17)	(42.96)		-	-	_	_	_	_	_
3 Purchase of	Goods	-	1		-	134340.58	_	_	_	_	_
		_	_	_	_	(108921.10)	_	_	_	_	_
4 Sale of 0	Goods	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5 Deposits Re	eceivable										
as on 31st N	/larch	_	_	_	_	_	1350.00	_	_	_	–
				_	_	_	(1350.00)		_	_	_
6 Outstanding	Payable										
as on 31st N	/larch	37.17	81.53	404.90	187.40	5196.38	0.00	55.00	559.63	22.67	314.90
		(524.86)	(25.26)	(804.85)	(187.40)	1	(493.36)	(59.90)	(190.46)	(244.69)	(416.90)
7 Outstanding	ſ										
Receivable	as on										
31st March		_	_	_	_	0.00	_	_	_	-	-
	ļ	_	_	_	_	(3551.96)	_	_	_	_	_
8 Outstanding											
Guarantee ta											
as on 31st N	/larch	138000.00	138000.00	_	_	138000.00	_	_	_	-	_
		(138000.00)	(138000.00)	_	_	(138000.00)	_	_	_	-	_

(figures in Brackets relate to previous year)

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 36

A In the opinion of the Board, the current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value stated, if realises in the ordinary course of business. The provisions for all known liabilities are adequate and neither in excess or short of the amount reasonably necessary.

(Rs. in '000s)

	(KS. III 'U								
В	Remuneration to Auditors Audit Fees		March' 2023 495.00		March' 2022 475.00				
	Taxation Matters		-		-				
	Total		495.00		475.00				
С	Remuneration to Directors		March' 2023		March' 2022 7204.80				
	Total		7204.80						
D	Disclosure for Shareholding Movement								
Sr No.	Particulars	March' 2023	March' 2022	March' 2021	March' 2020	March' 2019			
(i)	Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil			
(ii)	Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid-up by way of bonus shares.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil			
(iii)	Aggregate number and class of shares bought back.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil			

E Trade Payables Ageing Schedule (As on 31 March, 2023):

(Rs. in '000s)

		Outstandin	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Sr No	o. Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total				
(i)	MSME	-	-	-	-	-				
(ii)	Others	20825.42	934.43	-	-	21759.85				
(iii)	Disputed dues— MSME	-	-	-	-	-				
(iv)	Disputed dues— Others	-	-	-	-	-				

E Trade Payables Ageing Schedule (As on 31 March, 2022):

(Rs. in '000s)

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment								
Sr No	o. Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total				
(i)	MSME	-	-	-	-					
(ii)	Others	8262.46	32.00	12.08	1.98	8308.52				
(iii)	Disputed dues— MSME	-	-	-	-					
(iv)	Disputed dues— Others	-	-	-	-					

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

F Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule(As on 31 March, 2023):

(Rs. in '000s)

		Outstanding	for followin	g periods	from due	date of pay	ment
Sr No.	Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	23484.12	-	16462.04	5900.00	66625.19	112471.35
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-

F Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule(As on 31 March, 2022):

(Rs. in '000s)

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Sr No.	Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total		
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	38853.61	17.13	5945.98	30059.70	42806.12	117682.54		
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-		

G Ratios Disclosed

Sr No.	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator 3	1 March, 2023	31 March, 2022	% Variance	Reasons for variance (above 25%)
(i)	Current Ratio (in times)	Current assets	Current liabilities	2.07	2.61	-21%	-
(ii)	Debt - Equity Ratio (in times)	Total Debt	Total Equity	0.94	1.01	-7%	-
(iii)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Net profit after tax+ Interest+Non-cash operating expenses	Interest + Principal repayments of Non current borrowings	0.90	0.57	-59%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.
(iv)	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Net profit after tax	Average Total Equity	3%	-4%	176%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.
(v)	Inventory Turnover Ratio (in days)	Average Inventory	Cost of Goods sold	405.42	417.02	-3%	-

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Sr No.	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31 March, 2023	31 March, 2022	% Variance	Reasons for variance (above 25%)
(vi)	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (in days)	Average Trade receivables	Revenue from Operations	136.65	178.50	-23%	-
(vii)	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio (in days)	Average Trade payables	Purchases	19.66	26.48	-26%	Ratio is improved due to bet- ter management of trade payables
(viii)	Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in days)	Average Working Capital	Revenue from Operations	295	345	-14%	-
(ix)	Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Net profit after tax	Revenue from Operations	2%	-3%	160%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.
(x)	Return on Capital Employed (in %)	Net profit before interest and tax	Capital Employed [Total Equity + Non Current Debt]	8%	3%	134%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.
(xi)	Return on Invesments (in%)	Earnings before interest and tax	Average Total Assets	6%	3%	117%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.

H Segment Information: The Company is engaged interalia in the business of natural stones, building material and allied building activities which is considered as a single segment. These in the context of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" are considered to constitute one single primary segment. The Company's operations outside India do not exceed the quantitative threshold for disclosure envisaged in the Accounting Standard. Non-reportable segments have not been disclosed as unallocated reconciling item in view of their materiality. In view of the above, primary and secondary reporting disclosures for business/geographical segment are not applicable.

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NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 37 Other Statutory Information

A Transactions with Strike Off Companies

There are no transactions entered with strike off companies during the year

- B Title deeds of Immovable property are held in name of the Company.
- C The Company doesn't have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami Property.
- D The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- E The Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financials institution or lender during the year.
- F The Company does not have any charges which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- G The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, except as disclosed in Note no. 4.1 of financial statements.
- H The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to, or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
 - i) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries)

or

- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- J Clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 does not apply to the Company.
- K Previous year's figures, wherever necessary, have been regrouped/reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

The accompanying notes 1 - 37 are an integral part of the financial statements.

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

M. B. KHAKHAR Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI Chief Financial Officer P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its Associate (the Holding Company and its Associate together referred to as "the Group") comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements").
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the consolidated state of affairs (financial position) of the Group as at 31st March 2023, and their consolidated profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), the consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date

Basis of Opinion

3. We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred in sub-paragraph 14 of the Other Matters section below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters

How the matter was addressed by us.

Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets (refer Note 1 (II) (f) and Note 2(a), 2(b) and 2 (c) of the Standalone Financial Statements)

There are areas where management judgement impacts the carrying value of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and their respective depreciation/amortisation rates. These include the decision to capitalise or expense costs; the annual asset life review; the timeliness of the capitalisation of assets and the use of management assumptions and estimates for the determination or the measurement and recognition criteria for assets retired from active use. Due to the materiality in the context of the Balance Sheet of the Group and the level of judgement and estimates required, we consider this to be as area of significance.

We assessed the controls in place over the fixed asset cycle, evaluated the appropriateness of capitalisation process, performed tests of details on costs capitalised, the timeliness of the capitalisation of the assets and the de-recognition criteria for assets retired from active use. In performing these procedures, we reviewed the judgements made by management including the nature of underlying costs capitalised; determination of realizable value of the assets retired from active use; the appropriateness of assets lives applied in the calculation of depreciation; the useful lives of assets prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. We observed that the management has regularly reviewed the aforesaid judgements and there are no material changes

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Other Information

- 5. The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Annual Report but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.
- 6. Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 7. In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 8. The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards, specified under Section 133 of the Act, read together with Rules thereon. The respective Board of Directors/management of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.
- 9. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors/Management of the companies and its associate included in the group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Management and Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 10. The respective Board of Directors/management of the companies and its associate included in the group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- 12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion, The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

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- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group has adequate Internal Financial Controls with reference to these financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within
 the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. For the entities included in the consolidated
 financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction,
 supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate,
 makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be
 influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in
 evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of
 the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.
- We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements
 regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be
 thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

Other Matters

13. We did not audit the financial statements of Global Instile Solid Industries Limited, associate of the Holding Company. The amount of share of profit of Rs. 0.19 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. 3.47 Lakhs) (of associate company is part of the consolidated revenue of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is no modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditor and the financial statements certified by the Management.

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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 14. With respect to the matters specified in clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 and paragraph 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO"/ "the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us and the auditors of respective companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements to which reporting under CARO is applicable, as provided to us by the Management of the Parent, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the CARO reports of the said companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 15. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, read together with Other Matters Para referred to above, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account, as required by the law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements, have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
 - c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Cash Flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account, maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read together with Rules thereon.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023, taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the Statutory Auditors of Associate for the entity incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Holding Company and Associate company incorporated in India, is disgualified as on March 31 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure A"; and
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
 - The Management has represented that there are no pending litigations on the Holding Company and its associate impacting the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts, for which there were any material foreseeable losses during the year ended March 31, 2023.
 - iii) There has been no delay in transferring amount required to be transferred, to the Investor Education Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its Associate Company incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2023.
 - iv) (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in its aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kinds of funds) by the Group to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Group from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Group shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

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- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- (v) Neither the Holding Company nor its associate has declared or paid any final or interim dividend during the year.
- 16. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197 (16) of the Act, we report that:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Group to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act; and the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

For Merchant & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 145290W

Ushma Merchant Proprietor

Membership No.: 142930 UDIN: 23142930BGYYXS4624

Place : Mumbai Date : May 4, 2023

ANNEXURE "A": TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 15 (f) under "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the Members of Solid Stone Company Limited of even date)

1. Report On The Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting Under Clause (I) Of Sub-Section 3 Of Section 143 Of The Companies Act, 2013 ("The Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its associate company as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

2. Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and associate company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company and its associate company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

3. Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls over consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by Institute of Chartered accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance

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about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained byt the other auditors in terms of their reports referred in Other Matters paragraph below is is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company am its associate Company have in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(ii) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements insofar as it related to the associate Company is based on the corresponding report of the auditor of such Company incorporated in India. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter

For Merchant & Co. **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration No. 145290W

Ushma Merchant Proprietor Membership No.: 142930 UDIN: 23142930BGYYXS4624

Date: May 4 2023

Place: Mumbai

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

	Particulars	Note No.	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
			Rs. in '000s	Rs. in '000s
A ASSE	ETS current assets			
(a) (b)	Property,Plant and Equipment Capital Work in Progress	2(a)&(c)	22104.29	26593.03 -
(c) (d) (e)	Investment Property Other Intangible assets Financial Assets	2(b)	-	0.83
(5)	(i) Investments (ii) Trade Receivables (iii) Loans	3	9544.41 -	9524.87 -
(f)	(iii) Other Financial assets Deferred Tax assets(net) Other Non Current assets	4 5 6	8473.48 5035.03	7649.28 7273.64
(g)	Other Non Current assets	O	45157.22	51041.65
2 Curre (a) (b)	ent assets Inventories Investment Property held for sale	7	273319.21	213656.34
(c)	Financial Assets (i) Investments (ii) Trade Receivables	8	- 112956.01	- 117682.54
	(iii) Cash and cash equivalents (iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above (v) Loans	9 10 11	690.98 - 2240.00	2267.48 - 61.00
(d)	(vi) Others Financial Assets Other Current assets	12	88779.89	73965.00
			477986.08	407632.37
	L ASSETS TY AND LIABILITY		<u>523143.30</u>	458674.00
(a) (b)	y Equity share capital Instruments entirely equity in nature	SOCE	53800.00	53800.00
(c)	Other Equity	SOCE	154558.27	148848.88
Liabi	lities		208358.27	202648.88
	Current liabilities Financial liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings (ia) Lease Liabilities (ii) Trade Payables	13 14(a)	73246.94 4965.04	82173.71 12696.83
	 a) Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterp b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other 	rises and small enterprises er than Micro Enterprises a	; ; and small enterprises ;	-
(b) (c) (d)	(iii) Other financial liabilities Provisions Deferred tax liabilities (net) Other non-current liabilities	15	5759.50 -	4935.00
(u)	Other hon-current habilities		83971.48	99805.55
	ent liabilities		2301 1140	3000.30
(a)	Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ia) Lease Liabilities (ii) Trade payables	16 14(b) 17	116812.22 7731.79	108888.56 6737.62
	a) Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterpr b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other Enterprises and small enterprises;	ises and small enterprises	; - 21759.85	- 8308.52
(b)	(iii) Other Financial liabilities Other current liabilities Provisions	18 19 20	8367.88 75984.04 157.77	7234.72 24856.25 193.92
(-)			230813.55	156219.59
TOTA	L EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		523143.30	458674.00
See a	accompanying notes forming part of the financial st	atements		

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

M. B. KHAKHAR Chairman & Managing Director P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

M.D.DEWANI

(DIN: 00394065)

Chief Financial Officer

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Particulars	Note No .	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022	
			Rs. in '000s	Rs. in '000s	
	INCOME				
	(a) Revenue from operations	21	308030.61	243210.32	
	(b) Other income	22	1249.88	300.70	
	Total Income		309280.48	243511.02	
II	EXPENSES	00	1000 77	4500.54	
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	23	1890.77	1569.51	
	(b) Purchases of stock-in-trade	24	276789.07	189279.46	
	(c) Changes in Inventories	25	-59466.70	-6286.03	
	(d) Employee benefits expense	26	22841.05	19273.45	
	(e) Finance costs	27	23300.46	23178.51	
	(f) Depreciation,amortisation,impairment expense	28	8685.83	8013.72	
	(g) Other expenses	29	26982.08	18073.05	
	Total expenses		301022.57	253101.67	
Ш	Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items		8257.91	-9590.65	
IV	Exceptional items		-	-	
٧	Profit / (Loss) before tax		8257.91	-9590.65	
VI	Tax expense: (a) Current tax (b) Mat Entitlement (c) Excess/ Shortage of earlier years tax provision		- 131.66	- 511.57	
	(d) Deferred tax		2288.39	-2428.79	
	(a) Bololieu tax		2420.05	-1917.22	
VII	Profit / (Loss) for the year		5837.86	-7673.43	
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income			-7073.43	
(a)	Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss (i) Measurement of employment defined benefit plans (ii) Fair value changes of equity instruments		-197.79 -	780.46	
(I- \	(iii) Revaluation of property, plant and equipment		-	100.10	
(b)	Income tax relating to items in (a) above		49.78	-196.43	
	Total Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)		-148.01	584.04	
	Add / (Less) :				
	Share of Profit / (Loss) of Associate Company		19.54	347.08	
	Total Comprehensive Income for the period		5709.39	-6742.31	
X	Earnings Per Share (Rs 10 per share fully paid up)				
	(a) Basic	30	1.09	(1.43)	
	(b) Diluted	30	1.09	(1.43)	
	See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statem	ents			

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

M. B. KHAKHAR Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI

Chief Financial Officer

P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

(Rs.in '000s)

		(RS.In 1000S)
	Year Ended 31 March, 2023	Year Ended 31 March, 2022
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit before tax	8257.91	(9590.65)
Adjustments for Non cash and other items :		
Depreciation and amortisation	8685.83	8013.72
Mark to Market gain on valuation of Mutual Funds	0.00	
Finance Cost considered in financing activities	21985.93	22357.38
Income on Amortization of loans	(140.24) 1314.53	(97.11)
Interest on loans at amortized cost (Profit)/ Loss on loss of fixed asset	1314.53	821.13
Apportioned Income from Government Grant	- -	_
Total	31846.06	31095.12
	40103.97	21504.47
Operating Profit before working capital changes Adjustments for:	40103.97	21904.47
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	(59662.87)	(5577.06)
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	4726.53	2514.83
(Increase) / Decrease in loans and other financial assets	(2179.00)	92.20
(Increase) / Decrease in other current and non assets	(15310.83)	18709.13
Increase / (Decrease) in other Trade Payables	13451.33	(10980.27)
Increase / (Decrease) in other financial liabilities Increase / (Decrease) in provisions	1273.40	(1972.33)
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions Increase / (Decrease) in other current liabilities	590.56 51127.78	684.13 1300.94
more and a first state of the first maximiles		
Less: Income tax paid (net of refunds)	34120.88 (450.01)	26276.04 (511.57)
	(459.91)	(511.57)
Cash generated from Operating Activities (I)	33660.96	25764.47
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Inflows		
Sale of assets	84.75	-
Sale of investments Outflows	-	-
Purchase of fixed assets	(4281.02)	(517.45)
Purchase of equity investments (NET)	(1201.02)	(811.13)
Capital Advances	-	-
Cash generated from Operating Activities (II)	(4196.27)	(517.45)
3		
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Inflows		0.00
Increase in share capital Proceeds from term loan	(8926.78)	0.00 59489.77
Proceeds from Working Capital Loan	(10044.81)	(60199.69)
Outflows	(10011.01)	(00100.00)
Proceeds / (Repayment) of unsecured Loan	17968.47	6503.27
Finance cost	(21985.93)	(22357.38)
Lease rent paid	(8052.15)	(7423.89)
Cash generated from Financing Activities (III)	(31041.20)	(23987.92)
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1576.50)	1259.10
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	2267.48	1008.38
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	690.98	2267.48
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

M. B. KHAKHAR

Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI Chief Financial Officer P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

(Rs. in '000s)

	Particulars	31 Marc	31 March 2022		
	- artiodialo	No of shares	Rs. in '000s	No of shares	Rs. in '000s
(A)	Equity Share Capital Opening Equity Share Capital Add: Increase during the year	53,80,000 -	53800.00 -	53,80,000	53800.00
	Less: Reduction during the year	-	-	-	-
	Total	53,80,000	53800.00	53,80,000	53800.00

Reconciliation of number of shares

Particulars	31 Marc	31 March 2022			
r di tiodidi o	No of shares	Rs.	No of shares	Rs.	
Balance at beginning of year	53,80,000	53800.00	53,80,000	53800.00	
Issued subscribed and fully paid up	-	-	-	-	
Right issue	-	-	-	-	
Balance at closing of year	53,80,000	53800.00	53,80,000	53800.00	

(a) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(b) Shareholders holding more than 5 percent of the equity shares :-

Name of Shareholder	31 March	31 March 2022		
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Prakash Bhagwandas Khakhar	1719990	31.97%	1378895	25.63%
Milan Bhagwandas Khakhar	1149510	21.37%	808415	15.03%
Jeenoo Milan Khakhar	699300	13.00%	699300	13.00%
Vasumati Bhagwandas Khakhar	0	0.00%	682190	12.68%

(c) Details of Share holding pattern of promoters

Name of Shareholder	31 March	31 March 2022			
Number of Grandings	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	
Prakash Bhagwandas Khakhar	1719990	31.97%	1378895	25.63%	
Milan Bhagwandas Khakhar	1149510	21.37%	808415	15.03%	
Jeenoo Milan Khakhar	699300	13.00%	699300	13.00%	
Vasumati Bhagwandas Khakhar	0	0.00%	682190	12.68%	
Mahi Prakash Khakhar	49216	0.91%	49216	0.91%	
Yash Prakash Khakhar	47969	0.89%	47969	0.89%	
Kanika Milan Khakhar	40700	0.76%	40700	0.76%	
Isha Milan Khakhar	33300	0.62%	33300	0.62%	
Shabnam Prakash Khakhar	30500	0.57%	30500	0.579	
Charu Shekar Davda	500	0.01%	500	0.019	

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2023

(Rs. in '000s)

(B) Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income			
	General Reserves	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	Equity Instru- ments FVTOCI	Remeasur- ement of Employee benefits	TOTAL
Balance as at April 01, 2021	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	97620.25	-	666.04	155591.20
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-		-	(7326.35)	-	_	(7326.35)
Other Comprehensive income for the year	-		-		-	584.04	584.04
Total	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	90293.90	-	1250.08	148848.88
Dividends	-	-	-	•	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	90293.90	-	1250.08	148848.88
Balance as at April 01, 2022	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	90293.90	-	1250.08	148848.88
Profit for the year	-		-	5857.40	-	-	5857.40
Other Comprehensive income for the year	-		-		-	(148.01)	(148.01)
Total	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	96151.30	-	1102.07	154558.27
Bonus Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	500.00	4404.90	52400.00	96151.30	-	1102.07	154558.27

In terms of our report attached. For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

M. B. KHAKHAR Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI Chief Financial Officer P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial statements (2022-23)

Note:-1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Background

Solid Stone Company Limited is a Public Limited Company domiciled and headquartered in India and incorporated under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956. The registered office of the Company is located at 1501, Maker Chambers V, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021.

The Company and its Associates (collectively referred to as the "Group") is primarily engaged in the business of natural stones, building materials and allied building business activities.

The Consolidated financial statements are approved and adopted by the board of directors of the Company in their meeting dated May 4, 2023.

II. Significant Accounting Policies followed by the Company

a) Basis of preparation:

(i) Compliance with Ind AS:

The Consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, hereinafter referred to as Ind AS.

(ii) Basis of measurement:

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, except for the following: - Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) and contingent considerations are measured at fair value; - Defined benefit plan assets measured at fair value; - Share-based payments measured at fair value.

(iii) Functional and presentation currency:

Items included in the Consolidated financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian National Rupee ('1'), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousands as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated. The sign '-' in these Consolidated financial statements indicates that amounts are nil.

(iv) Historical cost convention:

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- a. certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- b. assets held for sale measured at lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell;
- c. defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value;

b) Basis of Consolidation :

The Consolidated Financial Statements includes Group's share of profits in the associate and is consolidated using the equity method of consolidation.

c) Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve
 months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

d) Revenue recognition:

i) Timing of recognition:

Revenue on sale of goods is recognised at the time of transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer which generally coincides with their delivery and the seller retains no effective control of the goods transferred to a degree usually associated with ownership, and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of the goods.

Revenue from service transactions is usually recognised as the service is performed and upon completion of services or substantial completion of services under contract and raising of Invoices, and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from rendering the service.

ii) Measurement of revenue:

When a performance obligation is satisfied, an entity shall recognize as revenue the amount of transaction price that is allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties, viz. taxes on sales. The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amounts, variable amounts or both. In determining the transaction price, an entity shall consider the effect of variable consideration which includes discounts, rebates, price concessions, refunds, incentives or other similar items.

Interest Income

For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

e) Income taxes:

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the country where the company operates and generates taxable income. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set it off the recognised amounts and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet method on temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2022

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss:

Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

f) Leases:

Group as Lessee:

The Group, as a lessee, recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset. The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate. For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Group as a Lessor:

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the company is classified as a finance lease.

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2022

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increase.

g) Property, Plant and Equipment

(i) Tangible assets:

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of asset or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred. Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of assets are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Borrowing costs relating to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets, if material, are also included in cost to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

Stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised as property, plant and equipment if they are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes and are expected to be used during more than one period. Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as 'Capital work-in-progress'.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation on Tangible Fixed Assets is provided on Straight Line Method on the basis of useful life of assets specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, which are as follows:

Buildings including factory buildings and Roads
Plant and machinery
Electrical installations and equipment
Furniture and fixtures
Office equipment's
Vehicles
Computer and Data Processing Units
3 - 60 years
10 years
15 years
8 - 10 years
6 years

Leasehold land is being amortised over the lease period and Cost of improvement on leasehold building is being amortised over the lease period or useful life whichever is shorter.

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and any changes there in are considered as change in estimate and accounted prospectively from the date of change

ii) Intangible assets:

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible Assets having finite useful life are amortised on the straight line method as per following estimated useful life:

Asset category Estimated useful life

Computer software 3 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year end and any changes there in are considered as change in estimate and accounted prospectively.

Intangible assets having indefinite useful life are tested for impairment at least once in an accounting year regardless of indicators of impairment.

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

h) Investment Property:

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not in use by the Company, is classified as investment property. Land held for a currently undetermined future use is also classified as an investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its acquisition cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs and are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

i) Impairment of Non- Financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication on impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash flows are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or Cash Generating Units ('CGUs').

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In respect of assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the company reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is made only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over its remaining useful life.

j) Investments and other financial assets: Classification:

The Company classifies its investments in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through Other Comprehensive Income, or through profit or loss), and
- ii) Those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on business model of the entity for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or Other Comprehensive Income.

For investments in equity instruments, it depends on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual terms of the instrument.

Transaction Cost

Financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus/minus (in the case of financial assets are not recorded at fair value through profit or loss) transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Profit or Loss.

Subsequent measurement:

After initial recognition, financial assets are measured at:

- i) Fair value {either through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) or through profit or loss (FVPL)} or,
- ii) Amortised cost

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Debt instruments:

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the business model of the Company for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

Measured at amortised cost:

Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method less impairment, if any, the amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in Profit or Loss.

Measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI):

Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income. Fair value movements are recognised in the OCI (net of taxes). Interest income measured using the EIR method and impairment losses, if any are recognised in Profit or Loss. On de-recognition, cumulative gain | (loss) previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Profit or Loss.

Measured at fair value through profit or loss:

A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as other income in Profit or Loss.

Equity instruments:

The Company subsequently measures all investments in equity instruments other than subsidiary companies, associate company and Joint Venture Company at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), with fair value changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the right to receive payment is established.

Investments in subsidiary companies, associate company and Joint Venture Company:

Investments in subsidiary companies, associate company and Joint Venture Company are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiary companies, associate company and Joint Venture Company, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in Profit or Loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 33 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade and lease receivable only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of such receivables.

De-recognition:

A financial asset is de-recognised only when

- i) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset, or
- ii) Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is de-recognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not de-recognised. Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is de-recognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2022

Financial liabilities & Equity instruments:

- i) Classification as debt or equity Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.
- ii) Initial recognition and measurement Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the fair value.
- iii) Subsequent measurement Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss is measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in Profit or Loss.
- iv) De-recognition A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.
- v) Reclassification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities: The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. If the company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model.

k) Fair Value Measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, such as Derivatives, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of the principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset of liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company. The fair value of asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

External Valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets such as certain items or property, plant and equipment. For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

I) Inventories:

Items of Inventories are valued on the basis given below:

- Raw materials, packing materials, stores and spares: at cost determined on First in First Out (FIFO) basis or net realizable value whichever is lower.
- ii. Process stock and finished goods: At cost or net realizable values whichever is lower.

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Cost comprises of cost of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location and condition.

The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Due allowances are made for slow moving and obsolete inventories based on estimates made by the Company.

m) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with bank and other short-term (three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

n) Trade receivables:

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value of the revenue. Subsequently, trade receivables are stated at cost less provision for impairment, if any.

Customer credit risk is managed by the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of the customer is assessed and individual limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

The Company applies expected credit losses (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of provision / loss allowance on the Trade receivables as given in Ind AS 109 *Financial Instruments*

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to measure ECL on its portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is prepared based on historically observed default floating rates over the expected life of trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At each reporting date, the historically observed default rates and changes in the forward-looking estimates are updated.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in Profit or Loss under the head 'Other expenses'.

o) Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

p) Borrowings:

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Borrowings are removed from the Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other income /(expense). Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

q) Borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs (including exchange differences relating to foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs) incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

r) Provisions and contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated.

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These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is deter- mined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the Management of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the li- ability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

s) Employee benefits:

Short-term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of service such as salaries, wages, bonus, ex-gratia, medical benefits etc. are recognised in the year in which the employees render the related service and are presented as current employee benefit obligations within the Balance Sheet. Termination benefits are recognised as an expense as and when incurred. Short-term leave encashment is provided at undiscounted amount during the accounting period based on service rendered by employees. Compensation payable under Voluntary Retirement Scheme is being charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of settlement.

Other long-term employee benefits:

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service to the extent applicable to the Company. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss. The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

Defined contribution plan:

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as contribution to Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund, Employees' State Insurance Corporation, National Pension Scheme and Labours Welfare Fund are charged as an expense to the Statement of Profit and Loss based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees if applicable to the Company. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

Defined benefit plan: Gratuity:

Gratuity liability is a defined benefit obligation and is computed on the basis of an actuarial valuation by an actuary appointed for the purpose as per projected unit credit method at the end of each financial year. The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit pension and gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on Government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur directly in Other Comprehensive Income. They are included in retained earnings in the Statement of changes in equity and in the Balance Sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

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t) Earnings per share

Earnings per share (EPS) are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the EPS is the net profit for the period and any attributable tax thereto for the period. The treasury shares are not considered as outstanding equity shares for computing EPS.

u) Foreign Currency Transactions

Initial recognition.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the Company's functional currency i.e "Rupees" at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions

Conversion

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange difference

Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss, except exchange differences arising from the translation of the following items which are recognised in OCI

- equity investments at fair value through OCI (FVOCI);
- a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; and
- qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective

v) Critical estimates and judgements

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, the disclosures of contingent liabilities and contingent assets at the date of financial statements, income and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates and assumption judgements having the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are:

- -Measurement of defined benefit obligations;
- Recognition of deferred tax assets & minimum alternative tax credit entitlement;
- Useful life and residual value of Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets;
- Impairment test of financial and non-financial assets including recoverability of expenditure on internally- generated intangible assets;
- Measurement of fair value for share based payments;
- Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies.
- Estimate of Sales Return, Rebates and Discounts
- The Company's tax jurisdiction is India. Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for Income Tax including amounts to be recovered or paid for uncertain tax positions. Management judgement is required to determine amount of deferred tax asset/ liability that is recognized.

w) Segment Reporting

An operating segment is defined as a component of the entity that represents business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses and for which discrete financial information is available. The operating segments are based on the Company's internal reporting structure and the manner in which operating results are reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM)

The Management Advisory Committee of the Company has been identified as the CODM by the Company. Refer Note 33G for Segment disclosure

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 2 (a). Property, Plant and Equipment

(Rs.in '000s)

	Particulars	Factory Land and Building	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Computers	Vehicles	Office Equip- ments	Total
Α	GROSS BLOCK							
	As At April 01, 2021	4656.42	7833.87	26860.78	2865.30	20605.60	6017.41	68839.38
	Additions during the Year		27.00		197.23		293.22	517.45
	Deductions		1635.50	18071.23	2570.05	892.35	414.72	23583.86
	As at March 31, 2022	4656.42	6225.37	8789.55	492.47	19713.25	5895.91	45772.97
	Additions during the Year	-	-	-	122.64	2636.11	1522.27	4281.02
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	3234.21	-	3234.21
	As at March 31, 2023	4656.42	6225.37	8789.55	615.11	19115.15	7418.18	46819.77
В	DEPRECIATION							
	As At April 01, 2021	2880.41	7070.72	26860.78	2675.65	15950.93	4320.35	59758.84
	For the Year	144.45	276.12		129.46	1364.03	364.88	2278.94
	Deductions		1635.50	18071.23	2570.05	892.35	414.72	23583.86
	As at March 31, 2022	3024.87	5711.34	8789.55	235.05	16422.61	4270.50	38453.93
	Additions during the Year	144.45	114.66	-	159.13	653.89	270.40	1342.53
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	3149.47	-	3149.47
	As at March 31, 2023	3169.32	5826.00	8789.55	394.18	13927.04	4540.90	36646.99
С	NET BLOCK							
	As at March 31, 2022	1631.55	514.03	-	257.42	3290.64	1625.41	7319.04
	As at March 31, 2023	1487.10	399.36	-	220.93	5188.11	2877.28	10172.78

Note 2(b): Intangibles

(Rs.in '000s)

	Particulars	Software						Total
Α	GROSS BLOCK							
	As At April 01, 2021	43.20	-	-	-	-	-	43.20
	Additions during the Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2022	43.20		-	-	-	-	43.20
	Additions during the Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2023	43.20	•	•	-	-	-	43.20
В	DEPRECIATION							
	As At April 01, 2021	40.45	-	-	-	-	-	40.45
	For the Year	1.92	-	-	-	-	-	1.92
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2022	42.37	-	-	-	-	-	42.37
	Additions during the Year	0.83	-	-	-	-	-	0.83
	Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at March 31, 2023	43.20	•	•	-	-	-	43.20
С	NET BLOCK							
	As at March 31, 2022	0.83	-	-	-	-	-	0.83
	As at March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL NET BLOCK (2b)							
	As at March 31, 2022	0.83			-		-	0.83
	As at March 31, 2023	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Note 2(c): Right of use Asset

(Rs.in '000s)

Particulars	Buildings						Total
GROSS BLOCK							
As At April 01, 2021	11917.73	-	-	-	-	-	11917.73
Additions during the Year	22027.41	-	-	-	-	-	22027.41
Deductions	11917.73	-	-	-	-	-	11917.73
As at March 31, 2022	22027.41	-	-	-	-	-	22027.41
Additions during the Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	22027.41	-	-	-	-	-	22027.41
DEPRECIATION							
As At April 01, 2021	8938.30	-	-	-	-	-	8938.30
For the Year	5732.86	-	-	-	-	-	5732.86
Deductions	11917.73	-	-	-	-	-	11917.73
As at March 31, 2022	2753.43	-	-	-	-	-	2753.43
Additions during the Year	7342.47		-	-	-	-	7342.47
Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	10095.90	-	-	-	-	-	10095.90
NET BLOCK							
As at March 31, 2022	19273.99	-	-	-	-	-	19273.99
As at March 31, 2023	11931.52	-	-	-	-	-	11931.52
TOTAL NET BLOCK (2a + 2c)							
As at March 31, 2022	20905.54	514.03	-	257.42	3290.64	1625.41	26593.86
As at March 31, 2023	13418.61	399.36		220.93	5188.11	2877.28	22104.29
	GROSS BLOCK As At April 01, 2021 Additions during the Year Deductions As at March 31, 2022 Additions during the Year Deductions As at March 31, 2023 DEPRECIATION As At April 01, 2021 For the Year Deductions As at March 31, 2022 Additions during the Year Deductions As at March 31, 2022 Additions during the Year Deductions As at March 31, 2023 NET BLOCK As at March 31, 2022 As at March 31, 2023 TOTAL NET BLOCK (2a + 2c) As at March 31, 2022	GROSS BLOCK As At April 01, 2021 11917.73 Additions during the Year 22027.41 Deductions 11917.73 As at March 31, 2022 22027.41 Additions during the Year - Deductions As at March 31, 2023 22027.41 DEPRECIATION As At April 01, 2021 8938.30 For the Year 5732.86 Deductions 11917.73 As at March 31, 2022 2753.43 Additions during the Year 7342.47 Deductions As at March 31, 2022 10095.90 NET BLOCK As at March 31, 2022 19273.99 As at March 31, 2023 11931.52 TOTAL NET BLOCK (2a + 2c) As at March 31, 2022 20905.54	GROSS BLOCK As At April 01, 2021 11917.73 - Additions during the Year 22027.41 - Deductions 11917.73 - As at March 31, 2022 22027.41 - Additions during the Year - Deductions - As at March 31, 2023 22027.41 - As at March 31, 2023 22027.41 - DEPRECIATION As At April 01, 2021 8938.30 - For the Year 5732.86 - Deductions 11917.73 - As at March 31, 2022 2753.43 - Additions during the Year 7342.47 - Deductions - As at March 31, 2023 10095.90 - NET BLOCK As at March 31, 2022 19273.99 - As at March 31, 2023 11931.52 - TOTAL NET BLOCK (2a + 2c) As at March 31, 2022 20905.54 514.03	GROSS BLOCK As At April 01, 2021 11917.73 Additions during the Year 22027.41	GROSS BLOCK As At April 01, 2021	GROSS BLOCK As At April 01, 2021 11917.73	GROSS BLOCK As At April 01, 2021

Note No. 3: Investments - Non Current

(Rs.in '000s)

	Particulars	As at 31st	March 2023	As at 31 March, 2022	
		No.of Units	Rs.in '000s	No.of Units	Rs.in '000s
ī	Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint ventures Unquoted, fully paid up At COST 270000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each of Global Instile Solid Industries Limited Trade Unquoted - In Shares: (at fair value through Profit or Loss) Shreeii Bhatia Co-operative Bank	270,000 520	9531.41	270,000 520	9511.87 13.00
	Silieeji bilatia Co-operative balik	520	13.00	320	13.00
	Total	270,520	9544.41	270,520	9524.87
	Total Investments	270,520	9544.41	270,520	9524.87
	Aggregate amount of Unquoted investments at Cost Aggregate amount of Quoted investments at Cost Market Value of Quoted investments	- - -	9544.41 - -	- - -	9524.87 - -

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 4: Other non current financial assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Security Deposits	4433.90	3964.39
Term deposits with banks / Financial Institutions	4039.58	3684.89
Total	8473.48	7649.28

Of the Above Includes Rs Nil to Key Managerial Personnel (Previous year : Rs Nil)

Note 5 : Deferred Tax Asset :

Particulars		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
		Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s	
Deferred Tax Asset ;				
- Arising on account of difference in carrying amount an	d tax base of PPE and Intangibles	1587.94	1871.32	
- on remeasurements of defined benefit obligations		1489.26	1290.85	
- on account of Unabsorbed Depreciation and Loss und	er Income TAX act	2260.10	4463.52	
	Α	5337.29	7625.69	
Deferred Tax Liabilities:				
 Accrued Expenses allowable on Actual Payments on remeasurements of defined benefit obligations 		-302.26	-352.04	
	В	-302.26	-352.04	
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) - (Net)	A+B	5035.03	7273.64	
MAT Credit		-	-	
Total	A+B	5035.03	7273.64	

Note 6

Other Non Current Assets

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
		Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Capital Advances		-	-
Total		-	-

112956.01

112956.01

117682.54

117682.54

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Raw materials Finished goods - Manufactiured Finished goods - Traded	2426.05 3811.66 267004.95	2045.27 3834.40 207515.52
Stores & Spares	273242.66 76.55	213395.18 261.16
	76.55	261.16
Total	273319.21	213656.34
Note 8 : Trade Receivables		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Trade Receivables (Refer Note below) Less: Provision for loss allowance	112956.01 -	117682.54 -
Total	112956.01	117682.54
Break-Up:		
Secured, considered good Unsecured, considered good Trade Receivables with significant increase in credit risk	- 112956.01 -	- 117682.54 -

Note 9: Cash and cash equivalents

Trade receivables - credit impaired

Less: Provision for Loss allowance

Total

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Cash on hand Balances with banks In current accounts	690.98 - -	2267.48
Total	690.98	2267.48

Note 10: Bank balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Bank / Financial Institution deposits (Maturity of less than 12 months)		-
Earmarked balances with banks	-	<u> </u>
Total	-	-

A) Refer Note 33B for information about credit risk and market risk of trade receivables

B) Refer Note 36F for Ageing of Trade receivables

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Note 11: Current financial assets - Loans

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Loans to related parties	-	-
Loans and advances to employees	2240.00	61.00
Loans - Others	-	-
	2240.00	61.00
Less: Provision for Loss allowance		-
Total	2240.00	61.00
Break-Up:		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured,considered good	2240.00	61.00
Loans which have a significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Loans which are credit impaired	-	-
Less: Provision for Loss allowance	-	-
Total	2240.00	61.00

Refer Note 33B for information about credit risk and market risk of Loans

Note 12 : Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Advances to Suppliers	68579.85	63076.34
Prepaid expenses	445.02	517.48
Balances with government authorities	566.84	26.00
Advances recoverable in kind for value to be received	18003.51	9332.98
Interest Accrued on Deposit	95.17	250.96
Advance Tax Net of provision	1089.50	761.24
Total	88779.89	73965.00

A) Advances to Suppliers includes advances to related parties to the tune of Rs. Nil as on 31st March 2023 (Rs. 35.52 lakhs as on 31st March 2022)

Note 13: Non-current borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Loans - From banks - From Financial Institutions Loans from Others	70691.88 2555.06	76554.68 5619.04
Total	73246.94	82173.71
Secured Unsecured	69591.57 3655.37	75540.31 6633.41
Total	73246.93	82173.71

(i)Details of each loan taken are stated in note no. 34

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 14(a) : Lease Liability - Non Current

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Lease Rent Liability	4965.04	12696.83
 Total	4965.04	12696.83
Note 14(b) : Lease Liability - Current		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Current maturities of lease liabilities	7731.79	6737.62
Total	7731.79	6737.62
Note 15 : Non-current provisions		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Provision for employee benefits Provision for gratuity (net) Provision for other employee benefits	5759.50 -	4935.00
Total	5759.50	4935.00
Note 16 : Current Borrowings		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Loans Repayable on Demand - From banks - From other parties Loans and advances from related parties Current maturities of long-term debt	75140.33 7642.17 15368.95 18660.77	85185.14 3469.70 1873.13 18360.59
 Total	116812.22	108888.56
Break -up: Secured Unsecured	104747.88 12064.34	85185.14 23703.42
 Total	116812.22	108888.56

⁽i) Details of each loan taken are stated in note no. 34

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 17: Trade Payables - Current

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Trade payables:		
-For Goods	14478.34	6880.86
-For Services	2085.13	1427.66
Due to related parties	5196.38	-
Due to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	-	-
Total	21759.85	8308.52
From above payable to Micro Small Medium Enterprises		
	As at	As at

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid, other than under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments already made	_	-
Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	_	-

i. * Trade payables are dues in respect of goods purchased or services received (including from employees, professionals and others under contract) in the normal course of business.

Refer Note 38B for information about credit risk and market risk for Trade payables

Note 18: Other current financial liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Current maturities of Long Term Debt	-	-
Salary Payable	3487.09	3768.11
Other payables	4880.79	3466.61
Total	8367.88	7234.72

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 19: Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Statutory dues payable	88.66	70.90
GST payable	9.09	220.82
Provident Fund and ESIC payable	-	11.42
Witholding taxes payable	808.58	905.14
Security Deposit from customer	75077.72	23647.98
Total	75984.04	24856.25

There is no amount due for payment to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at year end

Note 20: Current Provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Provision for employee benefits Provision for Gratuity (net) Provision for other employee benefits Provision for taxation	157.77 - -	193.92
Total	157.77	193.92

Note 21: Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Sale of Products	300891.17	234408.97
Sales - Services	6340.08	2608.76
Other operating revenues	799.35	6192.59
Total	308030.61	243210.32

Note 22 : Other Income

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Interest Income	221.00	194.91
Interest on loans at amortized cost	140.24	97.11
Apportioned Income from Government Grant (Refer Note 35 ii)	-	-
Gain on foreign exchange fluctuations (NET)	345.07	-
Other Non operating income	543.56	8.69
Total	1249.88	300.70

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 23 : Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Opening Stock:	2045.27	2700.17
Add : Purchase	2271.56	914.6
Less : Closing Stock	2426.05	2045.27
	1890.77	1569.5
Raw Material Details of Materials Consumed	1890.77	1569.5 ²
Total	1890.77	1569.5°
Note 24 : Purchases of Stock in Trade		
	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Purchases of Stock in Trade	276789.07	189279.46
Total	276789.07	189279.40
Note 25 : Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in tra	de, work in progress	
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Opening inventories		
Finished goods - Manufactured	3834.40	3918.19
Finished goods - Traded	207515.52	201145.69
	211349.91	205063.8
Closing Inventories Finished goods - Manufactured	3811.66	3834.40
Finished goods - Manufactured Finished goods - Traded	267004.95	207515.52
5		
	270816.61	211349.9 ⁻
Total	-59466.70	-6286.03
Note 26 : Employee Benefit expenses		
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Salaries, Bonus and Other Allowances	14218.83	10670.6
Remuneration to Directors	7204.80	7204.8
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	164.05	126.3
Gratuity and other long term employee benefits	628.56	684.1
Employee Welfare expenses	624.82	587.5
	22841.05	19273.4

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 27 : Finance Cost

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Interest expenses	21268.36	21312.86
Other Borrowing costs	717.57	1044.53
Interest on loans at amortized cost	1314.53	821.13
Total	23300.46	23178.51
Note 28 : Depreciation		
	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Depreciation on Property Plant and equipment	1342.53	2278.94
Depreciation on Intangibles	0.83	1.92
Depreciation on Right to use	7342.47	5732.86
Total	8685.83	8013.72
Note 29 : Other Expenses		
	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Power and Fuel	1530.38	1159.28
Labour charges	1147.26	1041.09
Interest in delayed statutory dues GST	347.25	585.88
Repairs and Renewals - Buildings	507.88	164.50
Repairs and Renewals - Plant and Machinery	555.95	167.07
Repairs and Renewals - Others	16.88	10.80
Insurance	782.19	499.27
Bad Debts	45.98	590.55
Rent	1231.81	1656.87
Printing and Stationery	343.89	309.79
Travelling and Conveyance	6289.30	2558.08
Motor Car Expenses	439.62	345.88
Legal and Professional fees	5475.90	3333.00
Payment to Auditors (See note (i) below)	495.00	475.00
Postage and Courier	0.20	3.58
Business Promotion	272.41	148.11
Communication charges	473.22	435.87
Commission on Sales	-	83.74
ROC fees and stamp duty	6.54	31.02
Loss on foreign exchange fluctuations (NET)	-	22.94
Tools and stores consumed	753.01	543.89
Packing materials consumed	56.56	45.53
Miscellaneous Expenses	6210.86	3861.32
Total	26982.08	18073.05
Note		
(i) Payment to Auditor (excluding taxes)	005.00	005.00
As Auditor	305.00	285.00
Tax Audit	80.00	80.00
Other Taxation Matters	110.00	110.00
	495.00	475.00

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 30 : Earnings Per Share

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Earnings per share has been computed as under: (a) Profit and Loss for the period	5837.86	-7673.43
(b) Weighted Average of number of equity shares outstanding	53,80,000	53,80,000
Earnings per Share - BASIC	1.09	(1.43)

Diluted shares per share is the same as Basic Earnings per share

Note 31: Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

Contingent Liability not provided for:

- Demands/claims by various Government Authorities not acknowledged as debts and contested by the company:
 - Income Tax Rs. Nil (Prev.Yr. Nil)
 - The Company has exposure to currency fluctuations. It does not hedge its position as the management feels it does not have any material impact as the company is importer as well as exporter of goods and services.

Note 32 : Disclosures as per IND AS - 19 - Employee Benefits

During the year, the company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
		Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s	
i)	Employer's contribution to Provident Fund* *Included in " Contribution to Provident and other Funds" (Note 21).	164.05	126.31	

iii) Defined benefit obligation: (Unfunded)

The valuation results for the defined benefit gratuity plan as at 31-3-2023 are produced in the tables below:

i) Changes in the Present Value of Obligation

Expenses Recognised in the Income Statement

684.13

628.56

,		(Rs. in '000s)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Present Value of Obligation as at the beginning	5128.92	5225.25
Current Service Cost	369.85	338.64
Interest Expense or Cost	258.71	345.49
Re-measurement (or Actuarial) (gain) / loss arising from:		
- change in financial assumptions	90.57	-405.01
- change in demographic assumptions	107.23	-
- experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions)	-	-375.46
Benefits Paid	-38.00	-
Present Value of Obligation as at the end	5917.27	5128.92
ii) Expenses Recognised in the Income Statement		
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Current Service Cost	369.85	338.64
Net Interest Cost / (Income) on the Net Defined Benefit Liability / (Asset)	258.71	345.49

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

iii) Other Comprehensive Income

Year Particulars 31 Ma		Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Actuarial (gains) / losses		
- change in financial assumptions	90.57	-405.01
- change in demographic assumptions	107.23	-
- experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions)	-	-375.46
Return on Plan Assets excluding interest income	-	-
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive inco	me 197.79	-780.46

iv) Actuarial Assumptions

a. Financial Assumptions

The principal financial assumptions used in the valuation are shown in the table below:

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2022
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Discount rate (per annum) Salary growth rate (per annum)	7.21% 3.00%	7.35% 3.00%

b. Demographic Assumptions

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
	Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s	
Mortality Rate Employee Atrition Rate: (per annum) (PS)	IALM(2012-14)	IALM(2012-14)	
0 to 5 years 5 to 47 years	20.00% 1.00%	20.00% 1.00%	

v) Amount, Timing and Uncertainty of Future Cash Flows

a. Sensitivity Analysis

Salary Growth Rate (-/+1%)

(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)

The scheme is managed on funded basis.

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
			Rs.in '000s	Rs.in '000s
Defined Benefit Obligation (Base)			5917.27	5128.92
Particulars	As at 31 March 2023			at ch 2022
	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Discount Rate (- / + 1%) (% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	6624.68 <i>11.94%</i>	5310.78 <i>-10.25%</i>	4582.21 -10.66%	5770.38 12.51%

5461.87

-7.70%

6402.59

8.20%

5639.60

9.96%

4651.04

-9.32%

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

b. Effect of Plan on Entity's Future Cash Flows

- Funding arrangements and Funding Policy

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
The scheme is unfunded.		
- Expected Contribution during the next annual reporting period		
The Company's best estimate of Contribution during the next year	297.09	258.71
- Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation		
Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flows)	12.59 years	13.33 years
- Expected cash flows over the next (valued on undiscounted basis):	(Rs. in '000s)	-
1 year	157.77	193.92
2 to 5 years	902.84	784.04
6 to 10 years	1777.24	1554.73
vi) Movement of Liability : Employee Benefits	-	-
Opening balance	5128.92	5225.25
Add : Provision for the year	826.35	-96.34
Less : Paid during the year	-38.00	-
Closing Balance	5917.27	5128.92

Description of Risk Exposures:

Valuations are based on certain assumptions, which are dynamic in nature and vary over time. As such company is exposed to various risks as follow -

- A Salary Increases- Actual salary increases will increase the Plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability
- B Investment Risk If Plan is funded then the mismatch between assets and liabilities and actual return on assets being lower than the discount rate assumed at the last valuation date can impact the liability
- C Discount Rate: Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability
- D Mortality & disability Actual deaths & disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
- E Withdrawals Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact Plan's liability.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

NOTE 33

A. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of Company's Capital Management, capital includes Issued Equity Capital, and retained earnings attributable to the Equity Holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise the Share Holder Value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic conditions and requirements of the financial covenants and to continue as a going concern. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'Net Debt' to 'Equity'. For this purpose, net debt is defined as total borrowings less Cash & Bank Balances and Other Current Investments.

The Company's net debt to equity ratios are as follows:

The company sherdebit to equity ratios are as follows.		(Rs. in '000s)
Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
Loans and Borrowings Less: Cash and Short Term Deposits	190059.16 -690.98	191062.28 -2267.48
Net Debt	189368.18	188794.80
Equity Other Equity	53800.00 154558.27	53800.00 148848.88
Total Capital	208358.27	202648.88
Capital and Net Debt	397726.46	391443.68
Net Debt to Equity Ratio	47.61%	48.23%

B. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the operations of the Company. The principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, investments in mutual funds and cash and short term deposits.

The Company has assessed market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk to its financial liabilities.

i) Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument, as a result of interest rates and other price risks. Financial instruments affected by market risks, primarily include loans & borrowings, investments and other receivables, payables and borrowings.

Interest Rate Risks

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rate. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. Borrowings issued at fixed rates exposes to fair value interest rate risk. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Company is as follows.

(Rs. in '000s)

Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
Fixed-rate Instruments Borrowings	190059.16	191062.28

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Commodity Price Risk

The Company's activities are exposed to fibre price risks and therefore its overall risk management program focuses on the volatile nature of the fibre market, thus seeking to minimize potential adverse effects on the group's financial performance on account of such volatility.

The Board reviews risk management policies.

Foreign Currency Risks

Currency risk is not material, as the company's business activities are auto hedge since our Raw Material is imported whereas our Finished product pricing are determined in Dollar pricing, so we get the benefit of auto hedging.

ii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However credit risk with regards to trade receivable is almost negligible in case of its residential sale business as the same is done to the fact that in case of its residential sell business it does not handover possession till entire outstanding is received.

The ageing of trade receivables is given in Note 36F

The amounts reflected in the table above are not impaired as on the reporting date.

Investments in Debt Securities, Limited Liability Partnerships, Loans to Related Parties and Project Deposits

The Company has investments in mutual funds, and loans to related parties. Such Financial Assets are not impaired as on the reporting date.

Cash and Bank balances

The Company holds cash and cash equivalents with banks which are having highest safety rankings and hence has a low credit risk.

iii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows. This monitoring includes financial ratios and takes into account the accessibility of cash and cash equivalents.

The Company has access to funds from debt markets through bank loan, commercial papers, fixed deposits from public and other debt instruments. The Company invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposit and debt based mutual funds.

Exposure to Liquidity Risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date.

		Carrying	Contractual cash flows					
	March 31, 2023	3 Amount		Within 12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	
Financial Liabil	ities							
Non Current								
Borrowings		73246.94	73246.94	-	17777.20	55469.74	-	
Current								
Borrowings		116812.22	116812.22	116812.22	-	-	-	
Trade Payables		21759.85	21759.85	21759.85	-	-	-	
Others		8367.88	8367.88	8367.88	-	-	-	

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(Re in 'OOOs)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

	Carrying		Contractual cash flows				
March 31, 2022	Amount	Total	Within 12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	
Financial Liabilities							
Non Current							
Borrowings	82173.71	82173.71	-	24572.41	57601.30	-	
Current							
Borrowings	108888.56	108888.56	108888.56	-	-	-	
Trade Payables	8308.52	8308.52	8308.52	-	-	-	
Others	7234.72	7234.72	7234.72	-	-	-	

FAIR VALUES AND HIERARCHY

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values:

March 31, 2023 (Rs.						Rs. in '000s)		
Dantiaulana		Carryin	g Value		Fair	Value Heir	archy	
Particulars	At Cost	Fair Value through profit or loss	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets								
- Investments	9544.41	-	-	9544.41			9544.41	9544.41
- Loans	2240.00	-	-	2240.00			2240.00	2240.00
- Others financial assets Financial Liabilities	8473.48	-	-	8473.48			8473.48	8473.48
- Borrowings	190059.16	-	-	190059.16			191062.28	191062.28

March 51, 2022 (RS. III								KS. III 0005)
Double and and		Carryin		Fair				
Particulars	At Cost	Fair Value through profit or loss	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	- Total
Financial Assets								
- Investments	9524.87	-	-	9524.87		-	9524.87	9524.87
- Loans	61.00	-	-	61.00		-	61.00	61.00
- Others financial assets	7649.28	-	-	7649.28		-	7649.28	7649.28
<u>Financial Liabilities</u> - Borrowings	191062.28	-	-	191062.28		-	191062.28	191062.28

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, bank overdrafts and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Fair Value of financial assets included is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value.

- 1. The Fair values of Investment are based on NAV at the reporting date.
- 2. The Company uses the discounted cash flow valuation technique (in relation to fair value of asset measured at amortised cost) which involves determination of present value of expected receipt/payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates. The fair value so determined are classified as Level 2.

G) Segment Information:

The Company is engaged interalia in the business of natural stones, building material and allied building activities which is considered as a single segment. These in the context of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" are considered to constitute one single primary segment. The Company's operations outside India do not exceed the quantitative threshold for disclosure envisaged in the Accounting Standard. Non-reportable segments have not been disclosed as unallocated reconciling item in view of their materiality. In view of the above, primary and secondary reporting disclosures for business/geographical segment are not applicable.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

NOTE 34: Non Current and Current Borrowings

Vehicle loan is secured by a specific charge on respective purchases of Assets. Details of each loan taken are stated below:-

Nature of Security	Terms of Repayment
I -Vehic	ele Loan
Term loan from Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 72,554 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 4,35,076) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai.	Repayable in 62 installments starting from 01 Feb 2018. Last installment due in 01 June 2023 Rate of Interest is 8.25%
Term loan from Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 77,501 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 3,85,259) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai.	Repayable in 62 installments starting from 05 March 2018. Last installment due in 05 July 2023 Rate of Interest is 8.25%
Term Ioan from Toyota Financial Services (India) Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs Nil as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 7,71,976) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai.	Repaid the loan during the year
Term loan from Toyota Financial Services (India) Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 5,98,308 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 8,19,720) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai.	Repayable in 65 installments starting from 10 Dec 2019. Last installment due in 10 Apr 2025 Rate of Interest is 9.51%
Term loan from HDFC Bank, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 20,00,000 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs Nil) is secured by charge on the Vehicle located at Mumbai .	Repayable in 60 installments starting from 5th May 2023. Last installment due in 5th April 2028 Rate of Interest is 8.60%
Details	Terms of Repayment
II- Working Cap	oital / Term Loan
Term loan from IDFC Capital First Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 4,26,090 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 9,15,122) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 67 installments starting from 02 June 2018. Last installment due in 02 Dec 2023 Rate of Interest is 18.00%
Term loan from Deutsche Bank, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 22,29,105 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 29,37,851) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 52 installments starting from 05 Oct 2019. Last installment due in 05 June 2025 Rate of Interest is 18.00%
Term loan (GECL) from Deutsche Bank, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 1,96,198 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 3,08,858) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 48 installments starting from 05 Nov 2020. Last installment due in 05 Oct 2024 Rate of Interest is 9.00%
Term loan from Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs Nil as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 16,12,436) is Unsecured.	Repaid the loan during the year
Term loan (GECL) from Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 2,39,628 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 3,73,732) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 48 installments starting from 05 Oct 2020. Last installment due in 05 Sep 2024 Rate of Interest is 14.00%
Term loan from India Infoline Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 31,69,436 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 41,60,113) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 65 installments starting from 03 March 2020. Last installment due in 03 July 2025 Rate of Interest is 18.70%
Term loan (GECL) from India Infoline Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 3,86,392 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 6,02,649) is Unsecured.	Repayable in 48 installments starting from 03 Oct 2020. Last installment due in 03 Sep 2024 Rate of Interest is 14.00%
Term loan from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 43,000 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31,	Repayable in 26 installments starting from 01 Jan 2021. Last installment due in 01 Feb 2023 Rate of Interest is 19.00%

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Term loan from Shriram City Union Finance Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs Nil as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 5,13,499) is Unsecured.	Repaid the loan during the year
Term loan from Tata Capital Financial Services Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs Nil as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 2,73,889) is Unsecured.	Repaid the loan during the year
Term loan from R & G Advani Impex Private Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 15,65,313 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 18,07,703) is Unsecured.	Repayable on demand. Rate of Interest is 12.00%
Term loan from Shalimar Hotels Private Limited, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 16,62,001 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 16,62,001) is Unsecured.	Repayable on demand. Rate of Interest is 12.00%
Term Ioan (GECL 1) from State Bank of India, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 1,92,86,136 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs 2,44,25,343) extended against existing security of Term Loan / cashcredit accounts as part of the Covid19 package	Repayable in 36 installments starting from 14 Jul 2022. Last installment due in 14 Jun 2025 Rate of Interest is 9.25%
Term Ioan (GECL2) from State Bank of India, balance outstanding amounting to Rs 1,19,24,604 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs. 1,19,07,842) extended against existing security of Term Loan / cashcredit accounts as part of the Covid19 package	Repayable in 36 installments starting from 25 Nov 2023. Last installment due in 25 Oct 2026 Rate of Interest is 9.25%
Term loan (WCTL) from State Bank of India, secured on pari passu basis, by way of hypothecation of inventories, book debts and receivables both present and future and further secured by way of equitable mortgage of company's factory and machinery and equipments as well as equitable mortgage over factory and machinery and equipments of M/s. Global Instile Solid Industries Limited (Related party) balance outstanding amounting to Rs 4,80,31,440 as on March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 Rs. 4,84,34,170)	Repayable in 72 installments starting from 01 Dec 2022. Last installment due in 01 Nov 2028 Rate of Interest is 12.65%
Cash Credit facilities from State Bank of India, secured on pari passu basis, by way of hypothecation of inventories, book debts and receivables both present and future and further secured by way of equitable mortgage of company's factory land, building, machinery and equipments as well as equitable mortgage over factory land, building, machinery and equipments of M/s. Global Instile Solid Industries Limited (Related party) balance outstanding amounting to Rs 8,27,82,503 as on March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2022 Rs. 8,51,85,143).	Repayable on demand. Rate of Interest is 12.65%

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(Rs.in '000s)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

NOTE 35(1) Related Party Disclosures

Related Party Disclosure: (as required by Ind AS 24)

- a) List of Parties which significantly influence / are influenced by the company (either individually or with others) -:
 - 1) Relationships:
 - (a) Key Management Personnel:
 - Mr. Milan B. Khakhar
 - Mr. Prakash B. Khakhar
 - Mr. Manoj Dewani
 - Mr. Hardik Valia
 - (b) Associate Concern:
 - Global Instile Solid Industries Ltd.
 - (c) Relatives of Key Management personnel and Enterprise owned and significantly influenced by Key Management personnel or their relatives

Milan Marble & Tiles

Yash P. Khakhar

Jeenoo Khakhar

Shabnam Khakhar (Formely called Shraddha Khakhar)

Sonal Dewani

Note: Related party relationship on the basis of the requirements of Ind AS 24 is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors

2) Transactions carried out with Related parties referred to in

1 above, in ordinary course of business :

NATURE OF TRANSACTIONS			RELATE	D PARTI	E S	
	Key Managen	agement Personnel Associate Concern		Relatives of Key Management personnel and Enterprise owned and significantly influenced by Key Management personnel or their relatives		
PURCHASES:	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
Goods and Material	_	_	134340.58	108921.10	_	_
SALES: Goods and Material	_	_	_	_	_	_
EXPENSES: Rent Salary / Remuneration &	_	_	_	_	720.00	720.00
Allowances Directors' fees	9759.60 —	9474.60 —	=	_	2993.60 —	1959.80 —
INCOME:	_	_	_	_	_	_
OUTSTANDINGS: Payable Receivable	711.00 —	1,542.36 —	5196.38 —	 3551.96	952.20 —	1405.31 —
LOANS : Payable Receivable	15368.95 —	1873.13 —	Ξ	_	=	=
Taken Re-Paid	35292.00 21796.18	6485.00 5044.72		_	=	_ _
DEPOSITS: Given	_	_	_	_	1350.00	1350.00
GUARANTEES: Given Taken	276000.00	<u> </u>	138000.00	138000.00		

Disclosures pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 & section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

NOTE 35(2): Related Party Disclosures

(Rs.in '000s)

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Key Management Personnel			Associate Concern	Enterprise	owned	and signif	nent perso icantly influ or their rela	ienced by	
		Milan Khakhar (Chairman & Managing Director)	Prakash Khakhar (Joint Managing Director)	Manoj Dewani (Chief Financial Officer)	Hardik Valia (Company Secretary)	Global Instile Solid Industries Ltd.	Milan Marble & Tiles	Yash Khakhar	Jeenoo Khakhar	Shabnam Khakhar	Sonal Dewani
1	Payments to & provision for : a) Salary / Remuneration &										
	Allowance	3602.40	3602.40	2102.40	452.40	_	_	526.40	482.40	482.40	1502.40
		(3602.40)	(3602.40)	(1727.40)	(542.40)	_	_	(392.60)	(242.40)	(242.40)	(1082.40)
	b) Rent	_	_	_	_	_	720.00	_	_	_	_
		_	_	_	_	_	(720.00)	_	_	_	_
	c) Director's Fees	_	_		_	_	_	_	-	_	_
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2	a) Loans Taken	34792.00 (5925.00)	500.00 (560.00)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	b) Loans refunded	21296.18	500.00		_	_	_	_		_	_
	b) Louris relatived	(4346.55)	(698.17)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	c) Loans Payable	15326.00	42.96	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
	5, 2545 : 4,455	(1830.17)	(42.96)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
3	Purchase of Goods	_	_	_	_	134340.58	_	_	_	_	_
		_	_	_	_	(108921.10)	_	_	_	_	_
4	Sale of Goods	_		_	_	_	_	_		_	_
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
5	Deposits Receivable										
·	as on 31st March	_	_	_	_	_	1350.00	_	_	_	_
		_	_	_	_	_	(1350.00)	_	_	_	_
6	Outstanding Payable						(1000100)				
	as on 31st March	37.17	81.53	404.90	187.40	5196.38	_	55.00	559.63	22.67	314.90
		(524.86)	(25.26)	(804.85)		_	(493.36)		(190.46)	(244.69)	(416.90)
7	Outstanding	(==::-)	(====)	(******)	(101111)		(100100)	(******)	(100110)	(= : ::)	(******)
	Receivable as on										
	31st March	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	l _
		_	_	_	_	(3551.96)	_	_	_	_	_
8	Outstanding					(====)					
-	Guarantee taken as										
	on 31st March	138000.00	138000.00	_	_	138000.00	_	_	_	_	_
	- Community	(138000.00)	(138000.00)	_	_	(138000.00)		_	_	_	_
		((.55550.50)			()					

(figures in Brackets relate to previous year)

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Note 36

A In the opinion of the Board, the current assets, loans and advances are approximately of the value stated, if realises in the ordinary course of business. The provisions for all known liabilities are adequate and neither in excess or short of the amount reasonably necessary.

(Rs. in '000s)

					(Rs	s. in '000s)
В	Remuneration to Auditors		31 March' 2023		31 March' 2022	
	Audit Fees Taxation Matters		495.00		475.00	
	Total		495.00		475.00	
С	Remuneration to Directors	Remuneration to Directors			31 March' 2022	
	Total	7204.80		7204.80		
D	Disclosure for Shareholding Movement					
Sr No.	Particulars	March' 2023	March' 2022	March' 2021	March' 2020	March' 2019
(i)	Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(ii)	Aggregate number and class of shares allotted as fully paid-up by way of bonus shares.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(iii)	Aggregate number and class of shares bought back.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

E Trade Payables Ageing Schedule (As on 31 March, 2023):

(Rs. in '000s)

		om due date of	due date of payment			
Sr No	o. Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)	MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii)	Others	20825.42	934.43	-	-	21759.85
(iii)	Disputed dues— MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed dues— Others	-	-	-	-	-

E Trade Payables Ageing Schedule (As on 31 March, 2022) :

(Rs. in '000s)

		Outstanding	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment								
Sr No	. Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total					
(i)	MSME	-	-	-	-	-					
(ii)	Others	8262.46	32.00	12.08	1.98	8308.52					
(iii)	Disputed dues— MSME	-	-	-	-	-					
(iv)	Disputed dues— Others	-	-	-	-	-					

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

F Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule(As on 31 March, 2023):

(Rs. in '000s)

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Sr No.	Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total		
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	23484.12	-	16462.04	5900.00	66625.19	112471.35		
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Doubtful	-	_	_	-	-	_		
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	-	-	-	_	-	_		
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Doubtful	-	_	_	-	_	_		

F Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule(As on 31 March, 2022):

(Rs. in '000s)

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Sr No.	Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total		
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	38853.61	17.13	5945.98	30059.70	42806.12	117682.54		
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered Doubtful	-	_	-	-	_	-		
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Good	-	_	-	-	_	-		
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-		

G Ratios Disclosed

Sr No.	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator 3	1 March, 2023	31 March, 2022	% Variance	Reasons for variance (above 25%)
(i)	Current Ratio (in times)	Current assets	Current liabilities	2.07	2.61	-21%	-
(ii)	Debt - Equity Ratio (in times)	Total Debt	Total Equity	0.94	1.01	-7%	-
(iii)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Net profit after tax+ Interest+Non-cash operating expenses	Interest + Principal repayments of Non current borrowings	0.90	0.57	59%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.
(iv)	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Net profit after tax	Average Total Equity	3%	-4%	-175%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.
(v)	Inventory Turnover Ratio (in days)	Average Inventory	Cost of Goods sold	405.42	417.02	-3%	-

(CIN: L26960MH1990PLC056449)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Sr No.	Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31 March, 2023	31 March, 2022	% Variance	Reasons for variance (above 25%)
(vi)	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (in days)	Average Trade receivables	Revenue from Operations	136.65	178.50	-23%	-
(vii)	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio (in days)	Average Trade payables	Purchases	19.66	26.48	-26%	Ratio is improved due to bet- ter management of trade payables
(viii)	Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in days)	Average Working Capital	Revenue from Operations	295	345	-14%	-
(ix)	Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Net profit after tax	Revenue from Operations	2%	-3%	160%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.
(x)	Return on Capital Employed (in %)	Net profit before interest and tax	Capital Employed [Total Equity + Non Current Debt]	8%	3%	134%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.
(xi)	Return on Invesments (in%)	Earnings before interest and tax	Average Total Assets	6%	3%	117%	On account of net profit in the current year, as against net loss in previous year.

H Segment Information: The Company is engaged interalia in the business of natural stones, building material and allied building activities which is considered as a single segment. These in the context of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" are considered to constitute one single primary segment. The Company's operations outside India do not exceed the quantitative threshold for disclosure envisaged in the Accounting Standard. Non-reportable segments have not been disclosed as unallocated reconciling item in view of their materiality. In view of the above, primary and secondary reporting disclosures for business/geographical segment are not applicable.

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Note 37 Other Statutory Information

A <u>Transactions with Strike Off Companies</u>

There are no transactions entered with strike off companies during the year

- B Title deeds of Immovable property are held in name of the Company.
- C The Company doesn't have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami Property.
- D The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- E The Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financials institution or lender during the year.
- F The Company does not have any charges which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- G The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, except as disclosed in Note no. 4.1 of financial statements.
- H The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to, or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
 - i) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries)

or

- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- I The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- J Clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 does not apply to the Company.
- K Previous year's figures, wherever necessary, have been regrouped/reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

The accompanying notes 1 - 37 are an integral part of the financial statements.

In terms of our report attached.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Merchant & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Reg.No.145290W

Ushma Merchant Propreitor Mem.No.142930 Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May, 2023 M. B. KHAKHAR Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 00394065)

M.D.DEWANI Chief Financial Officer P. B. KHAKHAR Jt.ManagingDirector (DIN: 00394135)

H.D.VALIA Company Secretary (ACS No.22571)

if undelivered, please return to:

SOLID STONE COMPANY LIMITED

1501, Maker Chambers V, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021.